RED BANK REGISTER.

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THE EUREKAS ARE AHEAD.

THEY HAVE WON FOUR OUT OF FIVE GAMES.

They Beat the Indians by a Score of 11 to 10 and the Long Branchers by a Score of 14 to 10—The Freehold Team Moves Up a Peg.

The Eurekas are in the lead for the pennant of the Monmouth League, and the indications are that they will stay there. They have played five games and four of them they won. They defeated the Indians twice, the Monmouths once, and the Long Branch Cities once. The only game they have lost was their first game with the Monmouths. The return game with the Cities is to be played this afternoon.

The Monmouths and Cities had a game at Freehold last Friday. Only four innings were played when the game was stopped by the rain. Neither club scored a run in those four innings. On Monday the Monmouths played with the Indians and the latter club was defeated by a score of 20 to 3.

Monday's game between the Cities and Eurekas was the hottest game yet played by the league clubs. The game was played at West End, Long Branch, near the Pennsylvania club house. Phil Daly, Jr., is captain of the Long Branchers and his father, the noted sportsman, backed his son's club heavily. Many of the citizens of Long Branch showed their opposition to Daly by backing the Red Bank club and cheering them when they made good plays. It was not a difficult matter for them to get the heart to do this, since they do not look upon the Cities as a local club. It is said that only three of the Cities are residents of Long Branch, the others being picked up all along the coast. It is also said that more than one professional player is in the club.

There were plenty of Long Branchers, however, who were ready to back their home team, and they had the necessary money and sand. The sporting men of Red Bank who went down to see the game were pretty well heeled, and they covered the Long Branchers' money right along until their funds were exhausted. In Phil Daly's club house many large bets were made and Phil Daly himself dropped $1,500 on the game.

About three hundred Red Bankers went down to see the game. When they got off the train they were met by a host of Long Branchers, who offered odds of 5 to 3 on the Cities. The Red Bankers were delighted to get such odds, and a large number of bets were made then and there. The backers of the Long Branch club continued to offer odds up to the time the game began.

When the Eurekas got on the ball grounds, the Long Branchers were surprised to see what youthful striplings they were. Their confidence increased, and one of them was heard to say:

"There's no credit in playing with a club like this, for when we beat them they'll say it couldn't be expected that little boys like they are could play against full grown men like the Cities."

The Eurekas went to the bat first, and made three runs before they were put out. The betting became even then, though odds were offered from time to time by both sides as one club or the other took the lead.

Al. Burrowes, the former captain of the club, resigned last week, and Harry Parker was elected captain in his place. Parker is only seventeen years old, but he has a cool head and is an excellent pitcher. Before the first inning was over, the Long Branchers had begun to kick, saying that a boy who could play as well as Parker ought to be in a professional team, and should not be allowed to play with amateurs.

One of the singular features of the game was that the Fair Havencrs, of whom there were quite a number present, cheered and applauded the Long Branchers constantly, while the Red Bankers got no recognition from them. One would have supposed that Fair Haven, being a suburb of Red Bank as it were, would have taken pride in the work of their home team. Their opposition is explained by the fact that the Fair Haven club, which for several years did not meet with a defeat, were badly beaten about a month ago by the Eurekas. They manifested the same opposition to the Red Bank club in the two recent games of the Eurekas with the Indians.

About the middle of the game the Long Branchers began to lose their sand. The Red Bankers had bet pretty much all their money but they went around among their friends and borrowed more. The Long Branchers tried to bluff by offering odds, but when their money was covered they backed down and declined. One of them shook $100 under Charlie Hill's nose and dared him to cover it. He offered to take part of it, and put up all the money he had, but the Long Branoher insisted on having him take all or none. Another offered $50 to a group of young Red Bankers, neither of whom had one-fourth of the amount. But they pooled their issues and made up the amount, when the Long Brancher promptly backed down. The Red Bank boys, however, managed to get all their money and all they could borrow on the game, and if the Eurekas had been defeated most of them would have had to walk home. It is estimated that from $8,000 to $10,000 changed hands, a good part of which came to Red Bank.

The Red Bankers played a good steady game. The umpire, John Keough, of Red Bank, has an established reputation as a conscientious umpire, and he was impartial in his rulings, though if any discrimination was made it was in favor of the Cities. When disputes arose Harry Parker, the Eurekas' captain, insisted that the benefit of the doubt should be given to the Long Branch club. The Eurekas played well together and made very few errors. The playing of the Lamarche boys, Captain Parker and Harry Curtis was particularly good. The Long Branchers had an excellent catcher and also a good man on first base, but they were out-played and outbatted by the Eurekas.

The score by innings was as follows:

Eurekas	3	0	0	0	2	5	3	0	1	14
Cities	2	0	2	1	0	2	0	2	1	10

Telegrams and telephone messages were sent to Red Bank at the close of every inning. Ed. Allaire took a basket of carrier pigeons to Long Branch and sent them home from time to time with news of the game. Carrier pigeons owned by Aleck Edgar and Howard Willett were also taken to Long Branch and sent home with messages. Altogether it was the most exciting game ever known in the county. Many of the habitués of Monmouth Park have forsworn the races for the remainder of the season and will put up all their money on the ball games.

The league record is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Eurekas	4	1	Cities	2	2
Monmouths	3	1	Indians	0	5

The return game of the Eurekas and Cities is to be played this afternoon at Red Bank. A great deal of money has been already wagered on the result. The date of the postponed game between the Monmouths and Cities has been set down for next Monday.

The following are the league games yet to be played:

Aug. 13—Indians vs. Monmouths, at the Highlands.
Aug. 17—Monmouths vs. Indians, at Freehold.
Aug. 17—Cities vs. Eurekas, at Long Branch.
Aug. 22—Eurekas vs. Monmouths, at Freehold.
Aug. 23—Indians vs. Cities, at the Highlands.
Aug. 24—Indians vs. Eurekas, at the Highlands.
Aug. 26—Monmouths vs. Cities, at Long Branch.
Aug. 29—Eurekas vs. Indians, at Red Bank.
Aug. 31—Cities vs. Monmouths, at Freehold.
Sept. 3—Cities vs. Indians, at Long Branch.
Sept. 8—Monmouths vs. Indians, at the Highlands.
Sept. 8—Eurekas vs. Cities, at Red Bank.
Sept. 12—Monmouths vs. Eurekas, at Red Bank.

The Prospect house Stars and the Goosetown Anarchists played a game of seven innings last Thursday, C. Riley captain of the Stars and Fred Fisher the Anarchists. The game was won by the latter by a score of 27 to 17.

Keansburgh has a base ball club which proposes to challenge the winner of the Monmouth league pennant. The uniform of the club is white shirt, gray trousers and cap.

WINNING THE PRIZES.

The Annie B. and Daisy Win in Their Classes.

The series of five races for the pennants offered at the opening of the season and for additional prizes of silverware, came to an end last Wednesday. Charles Burd's Annie B. won the first prize in the second class and H. B. Duryea's Daisy won the first prize in the third class. Both these boats won in last Wednesday's race. John C. Warden's No Name won the second prize in the second class and Forman R. Smith's Little Spot won the second prize in the third class. There were no entries in the first class in any of the races of the series. In last Wednesday's race Wm. E. Cross's new boat, the Puritan, was entered in the second class, but was withdrawn before the race was over. Clinton James's Undine was also entered; she came in second. In the third class Bracken Bros.' Fern was entered, but she was beaten both by the Daisy and by the Little Spot.

Arrangements for coming races will be held at the next meeting of the club.

Big Days at the Races.

Next Saturday is going to be a big day at the Monmouth Park races. The principal race will be for the Champion stakes, which amount to about $5,500. There will also be a race for the Junior Champion stakes, for two-year-olds, in which the stakes amount to about $20,500, while with the other events the total amount of money to be raced for will reach the sum of $30,000.

On the following Saturday, August 20th, a big event will be the race for the Omnibus stakes for three-year-olds, for which nearly 200 horses have been nominated. The race will be a long one, a mile and a half, and it is expected that it will be one of the most exciting races of the latter part of the racing season.

Sunday-School Excursion.

The Sunday-schools of the Methodist, Baptist, and Presbyterian churches of Red Bank will make an excursion to Point Pleasant and Ocean Grove on Wednesday, August 24th. Tickets for the excursion to Point Pleasant and return are 75 cents; and to Ocean Grove and return, 50 cents; children half price.

Lawn Parties.

The ladies of the mutual library expect to give a lawn party for the benefit of the organization about the 18th of this month.

Great preparations have been made for the lawn party at the Borden homestead, at Little Silver, on Saturday of this week.

A Broken Arm.

Ettie Lavinia, the five-year-old daughter of O. B. Bloodgood, of Keyport, fell while playing on the floor Wednesday afternoon, and broke both bones in her arm below the elbow.

Henry Carroll's Saloon.

Henry Carroll has removed his beer saloon and bottling establishment to the John A. Worthley building on Front street, opposite Spinning & Patterson's store, where he will be pleased to see his friends and the public generally when they need anything in his line.—*Adv.*

All cigars sold by Cullington & Son are manufactured in Red Bank, N. J. No tenement house stock.—*Adv.*

HAUNTED BALM HOLLOW.

LEGENDS OF A LOCALITY NEAR MIDDLETOWN.

The Hon. George C. Beekman, of Freehold, Relates Some of the Ghostly Traditions of the Place.

The Hon. Geo. C. Beekman in the last number of the Freehold *Inquirer*, published a story of "Haunted Balm Hollow," a locality near Middletown. Mr. Beekman is a son of the former owner of the Beekman farm at Middletown, and a brother of the present owner. According to the traditions and stories cited by Mr. Beekman, Balm Hollow is haunted ground, and has been haunted since before the first white man came to this continent. The following is Mr. Beekman's article:

The highway from Middletown village to Holmdel winds through a deep cut in Ruckman's Hill and comes out on the heights near the Beekman property to the southwest of the village. A magnificent view is here presented of the whole of the lower bay, from the mouth of Raritan river to Sandy Hook. The lofty hills of Staten Island loom up beyond the blue waters of the bay, while the low coast of Long Island stretches away to the east, until lost in the waters of the Atlantic ocean. On a clear day the steeples and spires of New York city can be plainly seen. These heights possess an interest of an historical nature. Here that part of the British army which retreated from the Monmouth court house by the Holmdel road on the night after the battle encamped June 29th, 1778. How far back along this road their encampment extended is not known, but it must have been two miles. Some of the soldiers who had been wounded in the fight and carried from the field of battle died the next day, and, it is said, were buried on these heights. When the British army reached this place they were cheered by the sight of their fleet which lay anchored in Sandy Hook bay and was in plain sight. The highway after leaving the "deep road," as it is called, winds along these hills for nearly half a mile and then turns and makes a descent into a valley. Formerly the road through the valley consisted of a single wagon track, with forest trees standing close to it on either side.

In the summer time the branches of the trees interlaced above and made a dense shade. It was a lonely, weird place and bore an evil reputation as the haunt of foul spirits. It was called "Haunted Balm Hollow." In the days when nearly every farmer through this region owned negro slaves, no colored person could be induced for love or money to pass through this place after nightfall. The superstitious whites also regarded it with dread and told many stories of uncanny sights and unearthly sounds seen and heard by belated travelers.

This evil reputation went back to the time when Middletown was first settled by the white race. The Indians avoided the place, and told strange stories of mysterious occurrences which had come down, with their other traditions, from the misty past. One of these traditions was that a famous wizard or "powaw," named Cokonkqua, performed his incantations in this valley. According to this tradition he held intercourse with the Evil Spirit and could foretell what would happen in the future. He had predicted the coming of the white man in the very year when a big canoe anchored in the bay and could be seen from the surrounding hills. He predicted the year when Hendrick Hudson's ship, the Half Moon, came. It was said that this Indian wizard, in order to propitiate the Indian deity and obtain favorable answers, sometimes sacrificed an infant or child of tender years beneath a certain tree in this valley. Shedding the blood of an innocent babe was peculiarly acceptable to this Indian Moloch, and would succeed when all other offerings failed. Cokonkqua himself had mysteriously disappeared the year the big canoe of the white men came. The Indians believed that on certain nights of the year the spirit of Cokonkqua visited this valley and performed sacrifices with phantoms. The ghastly sacrifice of little children was repeated by the shadows. The cries and wailing of children would be heard, mingled with demoniac yells and laughter. Then the forest would be lighted up with white fire for the space of a moment. The Indians believed that to see or hear these unhallowed rites or sounds boded death or some great misfortune.

These traditions of the Indians were followed by many stories of strange sights seen there by white men. One of these stories was to the effect that a certain farmer was belated for some reason, and reached this place about midnight. It was a hot summer night, yet when he drove into Balm Hollow there was an ominous stillness over everything. Not the sound of an insect, although in summer time the woods resound with the voices of insects; not the rustle of a leaf. The farmer was driving a gentle team which had never been known to balk, yet when he reached the bottom of the hill going down into the valley, his team suddenly stopped. Although he plied his whip, got out and tried to lead them, yet he could not induce them to go on. They appeared terrified, and shook and trembled in every limb. The farmer could neither see nor hear anything which furnished a cause for their terror. The only thing remarkable was the stillness, which, he said, could be felt. After using every effort to induce his team to go on, he finally turned around and went back.

Another story is that of a well known physician. He is now dead but his name is still remembered as one of the best physicians in this vicinity. On a certain occasion he was suddenly called to visit a patient late at night. The nearest way was through Balm Hollow, and he took this route. It was a bright moonlight night in winter, and the ground was frozen hard. It was midnight when he drove down into Balm Hollow. When about half-way through he saw a man on horseback in the road before him. The man was going along on a slow walk, and as there was only a single wagon track, the physician asked the man to go faster or else allow him to pass as he was in a hurry on business of life and death. No answer was given nor any attention paid to his request. The physician again and again asked the man to move on or let him go by. The man gave no sign. At last, out of patience, the physician crowded his horse's head alongside of the man's horse, raised his whip and struck the man's horse on his flank. At least he intended to strike him there but the lash of the whip only encountered the air. It seemed to pass through the horse as though he was a shadow, and in an instant the man and horse vanished. Then it occurred to the physician that although the ground was frozen, he had heard no sound from the hoofs of this horse. The physician was in no way superstitious, yet he afterward said that when the man and horse vanished, as it were, in the air, his blood seemed to grow cold through his whole body, and his heart seemed to be in his throat. However he met with no further interruption in the valley. When he reached the house of the sick man for whom he had been called he found him dead. On inquiring the time when he died he discovered it was about the time he passed through Balm Hollow.

Many other tales are told of Sharpheads and Volpusses seen sitting on the fallen trees along the road, glaring out with fiery eyes on the traveler.

Tales are told of cries heard as of a child in distress. If followed the sound retreated further and further into the woods, until the person following found himself involved in a morass or bog, overgrown with a tangled thicket of briars and undergrowth, where he wandered bewildered until daylight.

These many stories have given rise to the name of Haunted Balm Hollow.

OBITUARY.

William A. McClane.

William A. McClane, a son of the late Wm. A. McClane, formerly a resident of Red Bank, died on Monday of consumption. For the past four or five years Mr. McClane had lived at Colt's Neck, but last March he went to the home of his step-father, Garrett Magee, near Morrisville, where he remained till he died. He leaves a wife and one child. The funeral will be held at Mr. Magee's to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock, and the interment will be at Fair View cemetery.

Lafayette Richardson.

Last Saturday night Lafayette Richardson, an aged colored man, died at Shrewsbury from a tumor. He had been in feeble health for a long time. Before his death he requested that a post-mortem examination be made of his remains, to prove that he was not lazy, as some folks averred, but that his internal organs were so debilitated as to render him incapable of work. The post-mortem examination was made on Sunday, Drs. Warner, Field and Curtis being present. They found one lung wholly gone and the other nearly so. During the post-mortem Dr. Curtis slightly cut his hand with one of the dissecting knives. He took immediate precautions to prevent blood poisoning and no danger is anticipated from the wound.

Mrs. Mary Woodcock.

Mrs. Mary Woodcock, wife of Charles Woodcock, who for a number of years has been an employee of Brown Bros. & Co., of Wall street, New York, died at Rumson last Saturday from softening of the brain. She was on a visit to her brother-in-law, Wm. Cavanaugh, when her death occurred. She had lost one of her children about three weeks ago and her grief for the child hastened her own death. She was 28 years of age and leaves her husband and one child.

Mabel Parker, the six-year-old daughter of Lida and H. A. Parker, of Spring street, died yesterday morning from diphtheria.

The infant child of George Brannin, of Navesink, died last Wednesday from cholera infantum.

Money at a Low Premium.

The building and loan association still finds difficulty in loaning out its funds, there being very little demand for money. At last night's meeting three loans were sold at two and a half per cent. premium, and a special loan of $1,000 was made to Mrs. Hannah McCausland. The association still has about a thousand dollars in its treasury. A large number of shareholders failed to come to time with their dues and fines will be imposed in these cases.

A Call.

All members of the Red Bank reform club are requested to meet in the rink on Tuesday evening, August 23d, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of reorganization.

A full attendance is requested.

A new roll of membership will be opened, and an opportunity afforded to everyone who expects to identify himself longer with the club to sign the same.

A. H. WHITE, Secretary.—*Adv.*

The largest stock of pipes and smokers' articles in Monmouth Co. at Cullingtons', Front St.—*Adv.*

Box paper at John H. Cook's.—*Adv.*

RECENT WILLS PROBATED.

THE DISPOSAL OF T. C. HENDRICKSON'S ESTATE.

His Widow to Have the Use of the Property Until She Dies or Marries Again—Dr. Wm. H. Hubbard's Will.

The will of T. C. Hendrickson, of Red Bank, has been filed and recorded at Freehold. All his property, real and personal, together with an insurance of $5,000 on his life, has been left to his wife, Mary Ann Hendrickson, for her use during her life, or until she marries again. In the event of her death or at her marriage, if she should marry again, all his property, including the insurance on his life, is to be equally divided between his three children, and if any of them be dead, the heirs or representatives of the deceased child is to get his share. The bequest to his wife (the use of the property during her life or until she marries again) is in lieu of dower.

The property may be sold any time his wife desires, this matter being left wholly to her discretion. Mrs. Hendrickson is also given the privilege of giving to each of the three children, Samuel T. Hendrickson, Jr., Alice P. Stout and George Crawford Hendrickson, the sum of $500 at any time she may see fit to do so, the only stipulation being that they shall all be given the money at the same time.

The will was made May 19th, 1887, and Isaac H. Adlem and John R. Bergen were made the executors. The will was witnessed by Charles H. Ivins and Wm. H. Hawkins. When the will was offered for probate Mr. Adlem and Mr. Bergen declined to act as executors, and the surrogate appointed Mrs. Hendrickson, wife of the deceased, as administratrix to carry out the provisions of the will.

The contents of the will of Dr. Wm. H. Hubbard, of Red Bank, have just been made public. The first section of the will, after commending his soul to God and directing the payment of his debts and funeral expenses, instructs his executors to have a suitable monument placed over his grave to mark the place of his interment. Provision is also made for a monument for his wife.

The following minor bequests were made: A gold watch and chain, mahogany wardrobe, ebony cane with agate top, medical books, medicines, surgical instruments, gold spectacles and nose glasses, gold pencil and gold pen case, family bible and Dutch bible were given to his son Charles; his daughter, Mary Ellen Williamson, was bequeathed the old eight-day clock, cherry wardrobe that belonged to Mr. Hubbard's mother, piano and stool, music and music books, and cutting-board. To S. S. Williamson, Mr. Hubbard's son-in-law, were left as keepsakes a Malacca cane and a large brooch.

The will directed Mrs. Hubbard to dispose of the wearing apparel of the deceased as she may deem advisable, and the rest of the estate was directed to be equally divided between Dr. Hubbard's children, Charles H. Hubbard and Mary Ellen Williamson, share and share alike. Ellen Hubbard, wife of the decedent, and Charles Hubbard, his son, were made executors of the estate. The witnesses were Robt. Allen, Jr., and Wm. T. Corlies.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Justices Deal with Minor Offenders Against the Law.

John Garretson, of Keyport, has been held in $500 bail to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of keeping a disorderly house.

Michael Powers, of Keyport, has been arrested on a charge of assault and battery on his wife, and also on his wife's father, David Cairn. He has been taken to the county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Lewis Ford is in the county jail on a charge of stealing money from George Hammel in a boarding-house at Freehold.

Last Thursday Edward Larkin and Edward Kelly, of Matawan, were arrested on complaint of John H. Farry, of Matawan, for riotous disturbance several weeks ago, smashing in windows at his hotel, etc. They were taken to Freehold and Thos. Mulholland went their bail in the sum of $100 for each.

Frank Dougherty was arrested at Long Branch charged with vagrancy. He was sent to the county jail for thirty days.

Wm. Cauley, of Freehold, was arrested on July 30th, on complaint of Mary Ann Cashan on a charge of seduction. They were married and the case was discontinued.

Thomas Martin, of Freehold, was committed to the county jail last week for being drunk and disorderly.

Philip Dougherty, of Freehold, was arrested on July 3d on a charge of assault. He gave bail for his appearance at the October term of court.

Attached for $3.50.

An attachment for a remarkably small sum was issued by Justice Child last week. Wm. Haviland, commonly known as Max Haviland, a gold beater of Red Bank, recently moved to Hartford, Conn. He owed Morris Pach $3.50, and after he had gone Mr. Pach discovered that Amos Tilton held some money belonging to him. He had an attachment issued for the amount, and had it served on Mr. Tilton. The attachment with costs added amounts to $5.65. This is about the smallest sum for which an attachment has ever been issued by Justice Child.

Glassware.

A new arrival of glassware at P. Krooner's. Prices low.—*Adv.*

PERSONAL.

John S. Halstead, of Keyport, lost $25 in cash from his pockets last week.

Andrew A. Russell, of Newark, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. Lloyd Stevens, of Brooklyn, is spending a few weeks in town.

Miss Lillie Brown, of Freehold, has been visiting friends at this place.

Miss Alice Clayton, of Leedsville, is spending a few weeks in Elizabeth.

Mrs. Lydia A. Hendrickson has been reappointed teacher in the Middletown school.

Mrs. H. O. Beebe, of New York, is spending the month of August in Red Bank.

Miss Eulia Flandarian and sister, of Farmingdale, are visiting relatives at Leedsville.

Mrs. de Sotolongo, who has been quite sick for the past eight weeks, is improving in health.

Mrs. T. Jasper Willett, of Wallace street, has returned home from a week's visit to Ocean Grove.

Miss Ella Sexton and friend, of Flemington, are the guests of Mrs. Joseph Thompson, at Leedsville.

Miss Julia Wyckoff, a daughter of John H. Wyckoff, of Holmdel, has secured a third grade license to teach.

Mrs. H. H. Clark and family, of Asbury Park, are on a visit to Mrs. Clark's mother, Mrs. John H. Gardiner, at Swimming river.

R. S. Sneden, who for several years has been prescription clerk in the store of Druggist F. T. Chadwick, is filling a similar position in the store of James Cooper, Jr.

James Byram, of Leedsville, and his brother, Frank Byram, of Red Bank, drove to Morris county last week on a visit to another brother. They returned on Tuesday.

Young Richard Lufburrow, who previous to the death of his father, Richard Lufburrow, drove a delivery wagon for Grocer Frank Supp, has succeeded to the hotel business of his father.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Edwards and Miss Mamie Edwards, all of Brooklyn, have been spending the past week with relatives at Red Bank and Little Silver. They returned home on Monday.

Mrs. H. B. Zebley, of Atlantic Highlands, has gone to St. John, Canada, to join her husband, who has been there for three months. He is engaged in overseeing a railroad in which he is interested.

The party of young men who went up the Hudson river for a ten-days' cruise returned home last Sunday night. They stopped at Saugerties, Hudson, West Point, Albany, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, and other points of interest.

The Rev. Thaddeus Wilson, of Shrewsbury; and his two sons, are spending a few days in the mountains in New York, near the New Jersey state line, with Mr. Wilson's brother. The latter has established a camp there, and the party will enjoy the pleasures of camping out.

John T. Lovett made an extensive contract last week with Frederick Donahue, a New York florist, for the delivery of five car-loads of evergreen trees and exotic plants, to be used at the opening of the Madison Square garden on the 15th inst. Some of the evergreens are thirty feet high.

While Dr. James S. Conover was at Long Branch yesterday, he went into the engine room of the sewer company. While there some machinery in which lime was being prepared for use broke or burst, and Dr. Conover was temporarily blinded by the lime. He suffered no permanent injury, however.

Mrs. M. P. Sherman is entertaining a number of friends and relatives at her cottage on Wallace street. Among them are Mrs. W. Timmons, Miss Laura Timmons, Mrs. J. S. Glendenning and son, Master Henry Symes, of Jersey City; Mrs. L. White and son, Mrs. D. Speer, of Patterson; Mrs. D. Skillman and daughter, of Wilkesbarre, Pa. Two others of the party, Mrs. Meyers and Miss Tillie Timmons, are stopping at French's hotel.

HE DISLOCATED HIS NECK.

But It Doesn't Discommode Him Very Much.

The six-year-old son of Mrs. Mary Woodcock, the woman who died at Rumson a few days ago, fell from a haystack one day last week and dislocated his neck. The dislocation was only partial, and was confined to the bones nearest the head. Dr. Warner, of Red Bank, was called to attend the lad. He made a sort of frame to rest on the boy's shoulders, which would keep his head in one position. When the frame is removed the boy can move his head only a very little either laterally or up and down, but Dr. Warner thinks that in the course of time, if good care is taken, the boy's neck will be nearly if not quite as good as ever.

Ladies' Canoe Costumes.

A number of young ladies who are fond of canoeing have provided themselves with canoe costumes, the most noticeable feature of which is an immense red or lavender hat, which not only keeps off the sun most effectually, but which also makes a very attractive and showy head gear.

The Alleged Bigamist's Case.

The case of John McKean, of Seabright, who was charged with bigamy, came up two weeks ago, but was postponed until to-morrow, when it is supposed final action will be taken in the case.

After being on the market one year the Deborah cigar has proved its superiority over all others. Price $1.75 per box of 50. J. Cullington & Sons.—*Adv.*

It pays to advertise in THE REGISTER.

NEWS FROM MIDDLETOWN.

THE FREEHOLDERS VISIT ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS.

George M. Hendrickson Reports Two Sloops for Violation of the Customs Laws—Riotous Excursionists—Successful Lawn Parties.

The board of freeholders had a very pleasant reception in the eastern part of the township last Wednesday. They reached Atlantic Highlands in the morning, and stages conveyed them to the Grand View hotel, where Chief Commissioner J. H. Leonard welcomed them with a neat speech. The proprietors of the hotel entertained them with lunch and wine, and then they were escorted to prominent points of interest to enjoy the view, the heat and the mosquitoes. Subsequently they stopped at another hotel on the road to Navesink and received a good reception. Then they were whisked to Locust Point, where they viewed the proposed terminus of the projected bridge between Oceanic and that point. Finally they reached the Highlands, where ex-Sheriff Thompson, Thos. Swift and Benj. Hartshorne came into active competition as to which could tender the most hospitality. The upshot of the affair will probably be a new iron bridge at the Highlands.

George M. Hendrickson, of Middletown village, the new inspector of customs for Monmouth and Ocean counties, drew his first blood, so to speak, last week. He discovered that the sloop Jennie Wilson, which had recently arrived at Port Monmouth, had not the name of her home port painted on her stern as required by law. He at once ordered her master to report at the Perth Amboy custom house, where the vessel was held until a fine was levied and paid. The sloop Nocomac has since been reported for the same cause, but the matter was not adjusted at last accounts.

The excursion from Danbury, Conn., which came to Atlantic Highlands about a week ago, has been styled the "Black Crook" excursion. They drank ninety kegs of beer on the way down; then they drank all the beer and "soft stuff" in Atlantic Highlands; they despoiled all the gardens of their flowers; they refused to pay hack drivers and restaurant keepers, and when the bathing suits gave out some of them embraced the waters in a nude state. Before leaving they telegraphed that the boat would stop at a New York pier, and they gave an order for fifty more kegs of beer to be placed on the dock to last them till they arrived home. The majority of them were respectable, but there were a great many that Atlantic Highlands could well afford to invite to stay away.

Another excursion was the Baptist church of Morristown. They came by train to Hoboken and then took the Kill Von Kull, a steamer that gives all excursionists ample time to see and enjoy all the scenery from New York to the Hook. A few persons not connected with the church were disorderly and there was a knock-down fight between two of them on the bridge over Many Mind creek, opposite Joney Robert's fort. Investigation proved that the principal actor in this fight had lived all his life, except the last year or so, in Navesink, where his reputation as a bully is well established.

Still another excursion came on Friday. This was that of the Methodist church of Sing Sing. This was a most orderly affair. There were 600 of them, and besides enjoying the scenery, boating, etc., they found time to have religious services on the grounds.

The lawn parties at R. A. Leonard's last Wednesday night for the benefit of the Baptist ladies' aid society, and at Mrs. Lucy Winter's, at Chapel Hill, on Thursday night, for the benefit of the church at Chapel Hill, were both largely attended and interesting to all concerned. Alfred George read a brief essay at the Chapel Hill party, taking "Nature as a Mystery" as his subject. The ladies having charge of the affair desire to tender their thanks to Hendrickson & Applegate for the loan of glassware, etc.

The contractors who are to widen and deepen the ship channel have got to work. They have a steam pile-driver on the east side of Atlantic Highlands pier, and their big 1,800-ton steam dredger was moved to the other side for a few days. Their tug darts up and down the bay doing necessary chores for the contractors, etc.

The sooner the Atlantic Highlands association rips up that extra middle plank on the dock the better it will be for all hands. It has not one advantage and many disadvantages. The wear of the pier is now all in one place; women and children are in daily peril of their lives; shying horses are apt to wreck the wagons to which they are attached; and the slowest horse, if he has the lead, fixes the gait for the whole procession of vehicles. The idiot who planned it is not deserving of even a leather medal.

The town committee will meet at Stearn's hotel, Navesink, on Monday next at ten o'clock A. M., to revise Assessor R. S. Snyder's tax duplicate.

R. S. Snyder, of New Monmouth, lost a very good horse last week by pneumonia, and he has another one very sick with the same complaint.

On August 15th there will be an executor's sale at Atlantic Highlands of 81 lots belonging to the estate of the late J. E. Bowne. The lots adjoin Hillside Park, just below Bay View Heights.

Charles H. Morford has sold a lot overlooking the bay, one of the finest locations in Middletown, to Edgar A. Stone, of Astor Place and Broadway, New York, who will erect a stylish and expensive cottage on the premises.

Amzi Posten, of Navesink, is investigating a series of small thefts from the grocery store in that village.

THE RED BANK REGISTER.

JOHN H. COOK, Editor and Publisher.

OFFICE ON FRONT STREET, Hendrickson Block, Adjoining the Post Office, RED BANK, N. J.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

One Year	$1 50
Six Months	75
Three Months	40

ADVERTISEMENTS

Should reach us not later than Wednesday morning. Yearly and half-yearly advertisements are payable quarterly in advance. Advertisements for a period of three months or less, cash. Sample copies of THE REGISTER and printed rates of advertising will be sent to any address on application. These rates of advertising are strictly net, and are not deviated from under any circumstances. Advertisers have the privilege of changing their announcements as often as they may desire without extra charge. Reading notices will be inserted for 10 cents a line, each insertion. These notices will be placed at the bottom of the columns and will be marked Adv. This rule is imperative. Obituary notices and poetry, lodge resolutions, etc., will be inserted at 10 cents per line. Notices of births, marriages and deaths inserted free.

Patent medicine advertisements or questionable advertisements of any kind, will not be inserted at any price.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1887.

The summer is far enough gone to enable us to give an opinion on the trade of the town. From inquiries made of our business men it is safe to state that the trade of the place has been but moderate. Of course the summer trade to a great extent depends on the city people, and it is a regrettable fact that they are not coming to Red Bank to do their purchasing as in previous years. This is owing to the establishment of good stores at Oceanic, Seabright, Atlantic Highlands, and near-by villages. Red Bank, to hold its own in the business world, must depend in the future upon the trade of the farming community. This trade can be held by our merchants if they will only show a little enterprise. The stores of Red Bank have larger and better stocks of goods than can be found anywhere else in the county and the prices are reasonable. Then why do the farmers go elsewhere to trade? The explanation is simple. The merchants of other towns advertise largely and secure trade by inviting it. If the business men of Red Bank would advertise they would bring people here and the goods and prices would make permanent customers of them. The best and cheapest method of advertising is through the columns of a good newspaper with a large circulation, and as THE REGISTER is the best country paper in the State and has a large circulation in Monmouth county, it follows that the way to bring trade to Red Bank is to advertise in its columns.

The Real Prohibitionists.

(From the New York Sun.)

What a striking contrast there is between the attitude towards rum drinking of the Catholic total abstinence union and that of the prohibitionists.

Each member of the total abstinence union agrees, so far as he is concerned, that the most rigorous prohibition shall be observed. Disapproving of the use of liquor himself, he formally abandons its use and joins a union in which total abstinence is the solitary idea.

But on Thursday, when it was proposed in the total abstinence convention, now in session in Philadelphia, to support the suppression of the liquor traffic by legislation, after the manner of the prohibitionists, the proposition was rejected by a majority of nearly two to one. The total abstinence union propose to practice their own principles, but they will not attempt to force them upon those who do not believe in them.

The difference between the total abstinence union and the prohibitionists seems to be about that between a man who minds his own business and a man who doesn't, but who minds other people's.

What Local Stocks are Worth.

(From the Freehold Democrat.)

At the recent sale of the personal property belonging to the estate of the late David Patterson, the following stocks were sold:

Four shares of the capital stock of the First National bank of Freehold, par value $100 per share, were sold to J. T. Laird for $210 per share.

Eight shares of the capital stock of the Freehold improvement company, par value $25 per share, were sold to J. T. Laird for $8 per share.

One share of the capital stock of the Monmouth county agricultural society, par value $16 per share, was sold to W. W. Thompson for $5.50.

The Hottest July in 80 Years.

July, 1887, will be memorable as dating the terrible hot spell of the century. It is ascertained that the temperature of last month exceeds the temperature of any July during the last eighty years, which is as far back as we have record, and its record as noted in the official weather bureau largely surpasses that of any month since the organization of the bureau in 1871.

Opposed to Straw Rides.

(From the Atlantic Highlands Independent.)

THE REGISTER makes some appropriate remarks about straw rides. There is no objection to the soul-satisfying amusement of tooting tin horns in the open country, but to awaken half of the population of a town with such a racket is (we will draw it very mild) thoughtless.

The Long and Short of It.

"Willie Wafflers," said the teacher, "which is the shortest day in the year?"

"Twenty-fust of December," replied Willie, who was correct so far as the writer knows.

"And Tommy Tuff may tell us which is the longest day," said the teacher, indulgently.

"Sunday!" shouted Tommy.

They Swore Off.

"Does Grimes drink?" inquired Smithers.

"Nothing intoxicating," responded Thompson.

"How does that come?"

"Why, the boys have got tired buying it for him, I guess."

Our Rulers.

We haven't any kings and queens in this country. We have bosses.

Cullingtons' established brands of cigars—the Deborah, Shrewsbury and Alma—are made in Red Bank, N. J. Don't forget it!—*Adv.*

The best horses and handsomest carriages in town may be hired by the hour or day at Ketcham's Central Livery Stable on Maple avenue, Red Bank, N. J.—*Adv.*

J. Cullington & Sons can sell you the Prize Medal cigar for $1.15 per box.—*Adv.*

TOWN TALK.

The *Standard* last week asserted that it was not so that Jacob Shutts set up the drinks for the boys in Davis's hotel, and further declared that I was a liar for saying so. It brought up T. Forman Taylor to substantiate its remarks and said:

Mr. Taylor said this morning that he hadn't seen Mr. Shutts in Davis's hotel at Freehold "a few days ago:" that furthermore he hadn't seen Mr. Shutts to his knowledge at all since the last May term of court; and that no such remarks were ever made by him in Davis's hotel, or anywhere else. "It is," said Mr. Taylor, "a fabrication out of whole cloth, and in justice to Mr. Shutts and myself I wish to explicitly and positively deny the statement."

* * *

A very brief analysis shows that Mr. Taylor's "positive and explicit denial" doesn't deny to any great extent. Mr. Taylor first lays stress upon the fact that he hadn't seen Mr. Shutts in Davis's hotel at Freehold "a few days ago." The matter occurred some four or five weeks ago, or possibly even a little longer ago than that, and from the particular stress laid upon this point by Mr. Taylor it seems as if he was simply beating about the bush. This view is corroborated by his next assertion that he hadn't seen Mr. Shutt's since the last May term of court. As the last May term of court is still in session it wouldn't have been necessary for Mr. Taylor to have seen Mr. Shutts many days previously and still to have kept within the line of truth. Moreover, since the *Standard* was issued I have received a letter from my informant wherein he states that the occurence "as reported in THE REGISTER may not have been *verbatim et literatim*," but that it was substantially correct.

* * *

The only point in which Mr. Taylor gets down to hard pan is when he says that no such remarks as attributed to him were ever made by him either in Davis's hotel or anywhere else. This is a positive untruth. Mr. Taylor made to me a remark almost identical with that attributed to him at Davis's hotel. The only difference was that when speaking to me he said Shutts was sure to get the nomination, but was equally certain to be defeated; while at Freehold he is reported as saying that Shutts couldn't get the nomination, but was dead sure to be defeated if he did. Mr. Taylor's remark to me was made in the hearing of other parties who distinctly remember what he said.

* * *

It is barely possibly that my informant may have been mistaken, but under the circumstances I do not think so. An additional reason for not thinking so is the fact that T. Forman Taylor is himself being vigorously pushed forward as a Republican candidate for sheriff by a certain clique of Democratic politicians, and this is probably the chief reason why he hastened to deny that he had made any remarks concerning the probable defeat of the man who he thought might be his competitor for office.

* * *

But whether Mr. Taylor made the remark attributed to him or not, it has no bearing on the fact that Jacob Shutts, a vice-president of a reform club, has been setting up the drinks for the boys as one mode of electioneering. Mr. Shutts seems to be falling out of favor with the prohibitionists on account of this, but that probably doesn't worry him much, since he says he doesn't want the prohibition nomination, and isn't a prohibitionist, anyway. He's only a temperance man and a Democrat, he says, and all he wants is the Democratic nomination. But even then it doesn't seem hardly consistent for a temperance man, and a vice-president of a reform club at that, to ask others to drink. It was only a few weeks ago that Mr. Shutts was going about the county excoriating the hotel keepers. He told folks what a bad lot hotel keepers were, and seemed to take much more satisfaction in this part of his harangue than in telling of the evils of drinking. He probably reconciles his diverse positions by the thought that a politician must be all things to all men, and that in order to get the votes of prohibitionists and Democrats too he must be on both sides of the fence and must carry water on one shoulder and whiskey on the other.

* * *

The prohibitionists are going to run a long and vigorous campaign. They have called their convention for Tuesday, September 6th, which will give them two months to organize and prepare for election day. The convention will be held at Temperance hall, Keyport, at half-past one o'clock in the afternoon. The executive committee of the prohibitionists held a meeting recently and decided in favor of independent nominations with no endorsements.

* * *

Surrogate David S. Crater was in town the other day. I met him at the railroad station and he vouchsafed the startling information that champagne was a sure cure for dyspepsia and that he had a reasonable chance of securing a renomination for the surrogateship from the Democrats. I didn't tell him that the next surrogate of Monmouth would be a Republican. I was afraid it would hurt his feelings. I never hurt any man's feelings if I can help it, but in the interest of truth I will just state that the next surrogate of Monmouth will be William Hutchinson, of Upper Freehold.

* * *

The Hon. George C. Beekman, of Freehold, has written a very entertaining story about Balm Hollow, over near Middletown, and its ghostly inhabitants. Every body will find the story very readable, but I doubt if the owners of the land in Balm Hollow will tender a vote of thanks to Mr. Beekman. Very few people care to purchase property when the title is disputed by a crowd of ghosts, though it's just possible that this would prove an attraction for a person with a contemplative and melancholic mind.

* * *

The Eurekas are doing nobly. That's what not only the people think who take pride in the work of their home team, but it's especially what the folks think who put their money up on them on Monday. Every loyal Red Banker wishes that their shadow may never grow less, and that the figure which denotes the number of games lost by them may never grow greater.

* * *

The Asbury Park *Tribune* is the organ of the prohibitionists of Monmouth county. Whether it is the hot weather, or indolence, or a belief that the paper does not amount to much, the fact remains that the publishers did not think it worth while to issue the paper on Wednesday, July 27th. This means that they have lost the age on the paper and will have to commence all over again to become two years old before the *Tribune* will be a legal newspaper entitled to print legal notices.

* * *

So little Norman W. Penfield, of the Asbury Park *Shore Press*, is on the slate as Democratic candidate for the assembly in the second district. Well, well, well! I am told he has consulted with the great and good George Washington Patterson, of Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, and that he is George's candidate. But what has become of the boomlet of David Harvey, Jr.? Has it been put away in camphor or is it suffering from dry rot?

A CONFLICT OF AUTHORITY.

The Coroner Sent After the Sheriff to Set Him Right.

Some time ago John Conrow, of North Long Branch, gave a chattel mortgage to Mrs. Hannah Satterthwaite. The goods were recently sold under the mortgage and Mrs. Satterthwaite became the purchaser. Afterwards the goods were sold under a subsequent mortgage given to a man named Page. Page never had possession of the goods. After Mrs. Satterthwaite bought the goods she sold them to her daughter. After they had been in her daughter's possession for some time, Sheriff Aumack replevined the goods in the interest of Page. The writ of replevin gave Mrs. Satterthwaite as the owner, though they had been sold to Mrs. Satterthwaite's daughter. This morning Coroner R. T. Smith was sent after the goods with a writ of replevin in the interest of Mrs. Satterthwaite's daughter, with instructions to replevin the goods from the sheriff.

A ROW AT MORRISVILLE.

John Costello is a Man of Spirit and Can't Stand Insults.

Last Saturday night Wm. Deane appeared before Justice Child and demanded a warrant for the arrest of John Costello. He said that on Thursday, August 4th, Costello had assaulted his brother, Thos. Deane, with his fists and a billiard cue, and that he was then sick abed from the effects of the assault and so could not make the complaint in person. All the parties live at Morrisville. A hearing was held yesterday in which the evidence showed that a row had occurred over a game of pool. Costello admitted the assault, but said he was a man of spirit and could not stand the insults heaped upon him by Deane. Costello was held in $100 bail to await the action of the grand jury, John Rephard going his security.

SWINE DYING OFF.

Wm. W. Conover's Pigs Attacked with Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.

Wm. W. Conover has a drove of about 200 pigs on his farm at Port-au Peck. Recently they began to sicken and die, as many as seven or eight dying in a day. Yesterday Dr. James S. Conover, of Red Bank, went down to the place, and he gave it as his opinion that the swine were suffering from cerebro spinal meningitis, caused by the swill and the warmth of the manure on which they slept. By Dr. Conover's advice the affected pigs were put in a pasture lot and their diet changed. The sick pigs when first attacked were taken with a cough, then their eyes began to run, and finally they lost control of their hind legs. This stage was soon followed by death.

JOHN VALENTINE AGGRIEVED.

He Charges His Employer with Assault and Keeping His Wages.

John Valentine, a farm hand, has for some time been working for Charles Bergen, who lives near Tinton Falls. On Monday he made a complaint for assault and battery against his employer. Valentine's complaint sets forth that last March he was taken from Castle Garden by Bergen, who gave him employment on his farm. On Monday Valentine wanted his money but Bergen refused to settle, and after kicking and choking him, threw him out of the house. Bergen came to Red Bank yesterday afternoon. He denied Valentine's story and demanded a hearing, which was set down for Friday morning.

Asking for an Administrator.

At a session of the May term of court, to be held to-morrow, Applegate & Hope, on behalf of John Hance and Mrs. Georgiana Patterson, will ask for the appointment of an administrator pending the result of the litigation over George Hance's will.

Thieves at Keyport.

A number of small oyster sloops at Keyport have recently been robbed by thieves. Among the persons whose property was stolen were Joseph Vigne, C. P. Stewart, Albert Bartlett, George Teasdale, John Haightman and Harry Douglass.

Don't Borrow Trouble.

Tommy—Pa, when I grow up to be a man I am going to get married.

Mr. Henpeck—Perhaps you will die, Tommy, before you come of age. Let's try and look on the bright side of things.

Hotels, boarding houses, and large consumers of butter will find it to their advantage to buy at the Red Bank Butter Market. We carry the largest and finest stock of any butter house in the State, at Washington Market prices. S. S. ANTONIDES, Proprietor, Broad St., next to First National Bank.—*Adv.*

J. Cullington & Sons can sell you the Prize Medal cigar for $1.15 per box.—*Adv.*

A TIME IN BORDEN STREET.

The Result of Frank Shultz's Efforts to Collect a Bill.

Frank Shultz, of Red Bank, who drives a wagon for a tea company, swore out a warrant on Monday morning for the arrest of Alfred Pintard and Frank Pintard, for assaulting him. At the same time he made a complaint for disorderly conduct against the two Pintard boys, Samuel VanBrunt and a colored man named Charles for disorderly conduct. He claimed that the four persons came to his boarding-house late on Saturday night and called him out. When he got out in the street they closed the gate to prevent his retreat and then began swearing at him. Finally they made an assault on him, and would have continued it to his serious injury had they not been stopped by the colored man.

When the warrant was issued the quartette went to Squire Child's office. They stated that Mrs. Pintard, the mother of Alfred and Frank, owed Shultz a small bill, and that he had been very insulting in his demand to her for the payment thereof. The Pintard boys said Shultz had gone to their mother's house on Saturday, and finding only two woman at home, had been particularly insulting. He was ordered off the premises, and was told that if the Pintard boys were home he would not be allowed to insult the women as he had done. Thereupon Shultz had put his hand on his hip pocket, said he would go when he got ready, and further declared that he could lick the entire Pintard family anyway.

The Pintard boys said they had gone to see Shultz about the insult to their mother. When Shultz came out they got excited and swore more or less, but made no attempt to strike him. They admitted the disorderly conduct so far as regards the swearing and paid the costs. They stated that they would waive a hearing in the assault case and give bonds, but it is probable that Shultz will withdraw the charge of assault.

SUMMER DRINKS.

Cool and Refreshing Beverages for Hot Weather.

The feverish thirst of summer days is almost unquenchable when the liquid we take to relieve it is unaccompanied by nourishment. For example, a cup of tea and very little bread and butter or crackers will do more to allay thirst than three or four cups without. For this reason the egg lemonade that has been such an attraction at the New York soda fountains this summer is one of the best beverages ever introduced as well as the most delicious. Many declare it is not so good when home made and they are generally right. This is the reason: The powerful pressure brought to bear on the lemon while in the squeezing machine forces out the oil from the peel as well as the juice, and this is not done with the ordinary hand squeezer. The juice of lemon has little fragrance; it is the oil that imparts the delicious flavor to it. Make the drink in the following way and it will quite equal that made by professionals:

For egg lemonade, break an egg into a tumbler, rub two lumps of sugar on the rind of a fine lemon, put the sugar into the tumbler, squeeze the lemon into it with a squeezer, and half fill the tumbler with ice broken small, fill up with water, and, with a shaker, shake the whole vigorously a few seconds; then grate a little nutmeg over the top.

Simple lemonade is greatly improved by rubbing the peel with sugar. When made for patients recovering from fever a far more grateful drink than strong lemonade is made by using one lemon to a quart of water, with one lump of sugar rubbed on the peel, sweeten very little. This, given in teaspoonfuls, when the mouth and tongue are parched, is inexpressibly refreshing.

Cold water tea, or Russian tea, is usually made by steeping tea in boiling water in the usual way and setting it in ice. This gives the astringency that is pleasant when hot with cream, but to many tastes very unpleasant when cold. The better way to make it is easier in hot weather, and so made, iced tea is a positive luxury. Four hours before you require the tea for use (or over night if you choose) put four teaspoonfuls of tea into a pitcher, pour on it a quart of cold water, cover and set it in the ice box. It does not sound as if good tea could be made with cold water, but this is the perfection of cold tea, fragrant without the least bitterness and of a beautiful amber clearness. Sweeten as any other tea. With a little lemon juice and a slice of lemon floating in each glass makes this the fashionable "Russian tea."

One may long for a glass of soda or be delighted to offer it to our heated and weary friends, but it is quite too much to go to the druggist for it, with the sun high and the thermometer in the nineties. And yet nothing is more possible or less expensive than to have the thing always at hand. In Paris when siphons were first introduced iced "siphon water" was the thing to have in the house. I often wonder that so little use is made of them in this soda-water loving country except under a doctor's direction. Half a dozen siphons of plain soda cost 90 cents, perhaps less in large cities, and if you are known to your druggist you will not be charged for the loan of the siphons. Keep them on ice and you have your soda water ready. Make and keep bottled a few simple syrups—vanilla syrup, coffee syrup, ginger syrup—and you can have flavored soda at a moment's notice. In fruit season half fill the glass with fresh fruit syrup and sugar, fill up from the siphon, and you have a drink for the gods.

Soda milk is an excellent and nourishing drink in hot weather, and will remain on the most delicate stomach when anything but koumiss would be rejected, and is simply soda from the siphon and milk.

Claret cup with soda water is excellent made from California wine. Pour a bottle of claret into a pitcher, add a sliced orange, leaving out the first and last slice, and a strip of cucumber peel as long as your finger; sweeten with syrup. Add, if liked, a wine glass of Santa Cruz rum; set this in crushed ice and just before drinking strain and add the contents of a siphon of soda water; stir and serve at once.

For cider cup, pour a quart of cider into a pitcher, slice an orange into it or three slices of lemon; syrup or not, according as the cider is sweet or sour, add a glass of sherry and one of brandy with a pint of crushed strawberries if in season, otherwise a cup of chopped pineapple and a few drops of almond flavoring. If champagne cider is used let it be iced. Let all stand till chilled, then strain and add a siphon of soda. The soda water must always be used the last thing, and when there is time to have the "cup" cold enough without, do not add ice to it, as if it stands it gets poor. Sweeten all cups with syrup made thus: Pour boiling water (a pint) on a pound of white sugar. When dissolved bottle for use. The use of syrup prevents the last of the cup being too sweet.

P. KROENER,

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF

AGATE AND TINWARE.

Preserving Kettles and Bread Raisers, Crockery, Glass, Wood and Willow Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery.

PLATED WARE.

Castors, Spoons, Knives, Forks, and a General Assortment.

FISHING TACKLE.

A FULL SUPPLY, INCLUDING POLES, REELS, LINES, SINKERS, FLIES, HOOKS, &c.

FRUIT JARS.

A Large Supply of all kinds of Fruit Jars at the Lowest Market Price.

GROCERIES.

Domestic and Imported, Plain and Fancy Groceries, Marmalades, Jams, Dried Fruits, Potted and Canned Goods.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

ALL KINDS IN SEASON, FRESH FROM THE FARMS EVERY MORNING.

PICNIC HAMS AT 10 PER POUND.

Orders called for and delivered free of charge. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. KROENER,

BROAD ST., opp. First National Bank, RED BANK, N. J.

P. O. Box 87.

FOR SALE.

AN ALDERNEY HEIFER CALF

ONE WEEK OLD.

J. E. HARVEY, East Red Bank, N. J.

Housekeeper Wanted.

A housekeeper wanted to keep house for a family of four.

Apply to S. MILLER, Broad Street, Red Bank, N. J.

ESTATE OF JOHN E. PYE, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given, that the accounts of the subscriber, executor of said deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported to the Orphans' court of the county of Monmouth, on THURSDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1887.

JOHN S. APPLEGATE.

Spring & Summer

Clothing

AT

CORLIES,

THE

Hatter,

Clothier,

AND

Furnisher.

BROAD ST., RED BANK, N. J.

Pach Bros.,

841 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

Finest Work in Modern

Portrait Photography.

All the Latest Methods.

Prices Very Moderate.

☞ Always glad to see our Red Bank friends. ☜

SLATE ROOFING.

Cheaper than Shingles and Four Times as Durable.

THOS. WARWICK,

RED BANK, N. J.,

Is prepared to do Slate Roofing of every kind at as low prices as is consistent with good work. He keeps in stock a quality of Slate, suitable for barns, out-houses, etc., which he puts on at very low prices.

Slate Roofing in Colors and Figure Work a Specialty.

All work guaranteed. I have a patent composition for fixing leaky chimneys. Tar paper for sale.

THOS. WARWICK, Monmouth St., Red Bank, N.J.

Patterson, the Clothier,

BLUE FRONT CLOTHING HOUSE,

69 Front St., Red Bank, N. J.

—:o:—

Reduction in Price.

We are now selling out our Summer Goods at considerably below regular prices. The summer isn't nearly over yet, so persons who purchase summer clothing now will have more than their money's worth this summer, besides having the clothing to use next year. The prices of all lines have been reduced in order to clear out summer goods and make room for fall stock.

Patterson, the Clothier,

69 Front St., Red Bank, N. J.

LIFE! LIFE! LIFE! LIFE!

What is Life without a Good Suit of Clothes? If you want to enjoy Life and

Clothing That Will Make You Happy

through Life, go to SIMPSON and get one of those $20.00 Scotch Cheviot Suits, or a nice Fine Worsted Suit. We have a Large Assortment to select from. Call and see us before you buy. All Work Guaranteed.

Simpson, Merchant Tailor,

BROAD ST., Cor. White, RED BANK, N. J.

PLUMBING.

SANITARY PLUMBING A SPECIALTY.

Particular Attention Paid to Sewer Drainage and Ventilation.

PUMPS, RAMS, WINDMILL, GASOLINE MACHINES, HOT AIR AND STEAM ENGINES PUT UP AT SHORT NOTICE.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DEFECTIVE SEWER DRAINAGE AND REMEDIED SATISFACTORILY.

☞ Specifications and estimates furnished for work of any magnitude. ☜

Tin Roofers, Copper and Sheet Iron Workers. Stoves, Heaters and Ranges.

Competent Men Sent to All Parts of the Country.

CUMBERSON & WHITE, Front St., Red Bank, N. J.

SHE DISLIKED HIS INVITATION.

A Sensitive Wife Gives Reasons for Not Lunching with Her Husband.

Bob Burdette insists that he overheard a woman lecturing her husband as follows on board a train: "Now I'll tell you why I wouldn't go into the restaurant and have a cup of coffee with you while we were waiting for the train. I didn't like the way you asked me. Not half an hour before you said to Mr. Puffer: 'Come, let's get a cigar,' and away you went, holding his arm and not giving him a chance to decline. When we met John O'Howdy on our way to luncheon you said: 'Just in time, John; come take lunch with us.' And then, to-night, when we found the train an hour late, you looked at your watch, turned to me and said in a questioning way: 'Would you like a cup of coffee?' And I did want it. I was tired and a little hungry, but I would have fainted before I would have accepted such an invitation. And you went away a little vexed with me and had your coffee and bread and butter by yourself and didn't enjoy it very much. In effect you said to me: 'If you want a cup of coffee, if you really want it, I will buy it for you.' You are the best husband in the world, but do as nearly all the best husbands do. Why do you men seem to dole things out to wives when you fairly throw them to the men you know? Why don't you invite me heartily as you invite men? Why didn't you say, 'Come, let's get a little coffee and something,' and take me right along with you? You wouldn't say to a man, 'Would you like me to go and buy you a cigar?' Then why do you always issue your little invitations to treats in that way to me? Indeed, indeed, my dear husband, if men would only act toward their wives as heartily, cordially and frankly as they do to men whom they meet, they would find cheerier companions at home than they could at the club."

There are no Kickers There.

I hope to go to the realms above, when I lie me down to die; I hope that choirs all clad in white will greet my wandering eye; I know that I'll be filled with joy, in regions free from care, for angels tell me in my sleep, there are no kickers there. Though rugged be the jasper pave, no soul will dare complain; though sunlight shines the ages through, no spirits call for rain; though crowns be half a size too small, no seraphs tear their hair; and all is joy above, because there are no kickers there. The music may be out of tune, no one will hold his ears; the robes may not be tailor made, there'll be no moans or tears; the sandals may be badly worn, none ask a better pair, for, glory to the Lord of Hosts, there are no kickers there. When the celestial council calls for paving on the street, the man who gets the contract may work onward swift and fleet; no spirits will injunctions bring, nor cranks or croakers swear; the realms above are free from chumps, there are no kickers there. Then take me from this vale of tears, where cranks come to the front; where men who never work nor toil, still lie around and grunt; I long to wear celestial robes and climb the golden stair, for well I know that in those lands there are no kickers there.

How He Was Robbed.

Mr. Moneybags, (who has recently acquired a fortune)—It's a shame and a disgrace the way everybody conspires to rob a rich man.

Friend—What's the matter now?

"Well, you see I had a little party at my mansion last night."

"So I saw by the papers."

"And to amuse my guests I ordered some music."

"Yes, I heard you ordered a quartette."

"Just so, and darn my buttons if four singers didn't crowd into the room and sing and I had to pay all four of them, and mind you I only ordered one solitary quartette. That's the way I'm swindled every day of my life and I am tired of it."

The Right Kind of a Juryman.

"Speaking about judges," remarked an attorney, "Judge Garry is a man that understands the business. They were securing a jury in his court the other day and all the lawyers were talking at once. Judge Garry sat back in his chair and let 'em rattle on, when suddenly an old German got up in the jury-box and said:

"Shudge, I vant ter go home."

"You can't; you're on the jury."

"Vell, I don't vant ter shtop on der jury. I understand not what der lawyers say."

"Well, nobody else does. Sit down; you are the right kind of a juryman."

Bobby Could Find Out for Him.

(Mr. De Sickly has called upon Bobby's sister, and is waiting for that young lady to make her appearance. Bobby enters in the meantime.)

De Sickly, with a grin—How-de-do, Bobby! Don't you know me? Come and tell me what's my name.

Bobby—Well, sir, if it ain't just as sis said, you haven't sense enough to know what your name is. If you'll wait a minute I'll find out for you. I heard pa say he had you on the list, so I guess he must know your name.

His Reward.

"Ma," said Bobby, "have I been a good boy to-day?"

"Yes, Bobby, and I am very proud of you."

"Well, will you do me a favor, ma?"

"If it's reasonable, Bobby. What is it?"

"Let me go to bed to-night without saying my prayers."

A Substitute for Whiskey.

Seedy party (to bartender)—Your refusal, sir, to trust me for a paltry drink of whiskey fills me with astonishment and indignation!

Bartender—All right, sir; you can fill yourself up with astonishment and indignation and it won't cost you a cent, but if you want to fill up with whiskey, you will have to pay cash!

Struck Center.

Miss Hood—Three in the gold, Captain. I've outshot you this time.

Capt. Anges—Yes, but what's become of my other arrow? I shot three.

Voice of Tramp in Bushes—When you folks git through countin' up I wish you'd jest come in an' unpin my ear from this hickory tree; 'taint gold, but it's got feelin' in it.

A Home Motto.

Woman (in book store)—I want a motto of some kind to hang up in my parlor.

Clerk—Yes, madam. How does "God Bless Our Home" strike you?

Madam—Old-fashioned, ain't it?

Clerk—It is a trifle old-fashioned. Well, there's "Thrice is he armed that hath his quarrel just."

Practice Makes Perfect.

News comes from Georgia to the effect that a man in that State is "living pleasantly with his eighth wife." This shows the value of trying again if at first you don't succeed.

Same All 'Round.

The summer resorts are filling up, says an exchange. And so are the husbands who stay at home.

Monmouth Courts.

At the last session of the court at Freehold, John McKean, of Seabright, who is charged with bigamy, was remanded until August 11th.

LeRoy Bond, alias Mundell, was sent to state prison for two years for highway robbery.

Harry Harris was found guilty of burglary and was remanded for sentence.

Jeremiah Costello was sent to the county jail for ten days for fighting.

To Settle Up Estates.

The following executors and administrators of estates of deceased persons have been appointed:

Mary Gryson—Peter Gryson, ex'r.
Joseph Lane—John and Charles Lane, adm'rs.
Amos Tantum—Robert Tantum, adm'r.

Sales of Real Estate.

The following are the transfers of Monmouth county real estate for the week ending August 6th, 1887:

SHREWSBURY TOWNSHIP.

Anthony Reckless to George B. Sandt. Lot at Red Bank, $6,000.

Henry Saulpaugh and wife to Josephine Wiedenmayer. Lot at Oceanic, $400.

MIDDLETOWN TOWNSHIP.

Walter K. Hopping et als to Daniel Coine. 1 lot, $420.

Wm. V. Wilson and wife to Mary J. Egan. 1 lot, $50.

Geo. H. Wild and wife to Sallie E. Bruce. 2 lots, $507.

John S. Hubbard and wife to D. Jones Roberts et al. 1 lot, $100.

S. B. Oviatt and wife to Roberts & Geary. Lot at Atlantic Highlands, $1.

The Atlantic Highlands Association to Alice Marlin. 6 lots at Highlands, $600.

MATAWAN TOWNSHIP.

Job Falkinburg to Ann Colyer. 2 tracts of land, $2,000.

Theo. Aumack, sheriff, to the Freehold and New York Railway Co. Tract of land, sold as property of Isaac B. Walling et als, $234.

Edward T. Brown and wife to James Sherlock. Lot at Matawan, $35.

Wm. Spader and wife to James Sherlock. Lot at Matawan, $50.

Rens. W. Dayton to James Sherlock. Lot at Matawan, $100.

RARITAN TOWNSHIP.

John H. Conover and wife to John A. Keim. Lot at Keyport, $1,500.

John H. Conover and wife to John W. Bailey. Lot at Keyport, $112.

Anna T. Croes to Augusta E. Cuttroll. Lot at Keyport, $80.

Peter Gryson, Sr., to Peter Gryson, Jr. Lot at Keyport, $000.

MARLBORO TOWNSHIP.

Alexander Taggart to Anna Taggart et al. 2 tracts of land, $1,900.

HOWELL TOWNSHIP.

Levi Woolley and wife to George E. Smith. 5 53-100 acres, $50.

FREEHOLD TOWNSHIP.

Washington White et als to Lewis Franklin White. 5-6 of 124½ acres, $7,040.83.

Caroline White to the same. Dower right in the above described property. $1,551.

OCEAN TOWNSHIP.

Charles T. Letson and wife to Wm. W. Letson. Lot at Seabright, $800.

Gustav C. Kuhnbaum and wife Louisa Brown. Lot near Long Branch, $1.

Louisa Brown and husband to Ida Kuhnbaum. Lot near Long Branch, $1.

Mary Kraemer and husband to Paul F. Brazo. Lot at Long Branch, $3,150.

Lizzie A. Moran to Joseph Young. Lot at Long Branch, $1,700.

NEPTUNE TOWNSHIP.

Lewis White to Mary Tilton. 1 lot, $250.

Washington White et als to Eastwood White et al. 5-6 of 2 tracts, $5,961.45.

Harriet M. Johnes and husband to William W. Johnes. Lot at Asbury Park, $4,500.

Edward Linton and wife to Mary C. Child. Lot at Asbury Park, $7,000.

WALL TOWNSHIP.

Elizabeth Morris and husband to William S. Jackson. Tract of land, $50.

Britton Slocum et al to William S. Jackson. Interest in 2 tracts of land, $328.

Jacob Pierce et als to Benjamin R. Pierce. All their interest in the estate of Elisha C. Pierce, dec'd, $402.84.

Benjamin R. Pearce, ex'r, to John E. Havens. 2 tracts, 1,875.

Edward Batchelor and wife to James Ronan. Lot at Key East, $1,200.

James Ronan and wife to James Howard Ronan. Lot at Key East, $700.

David W. Sexton et als to James Ronan. Lot at Key East, $580.

Edward Batchelor and wife to Deborah Ann May. Lot at Key East, $500.

Esther Ann Braddock to John H. Evans. Part of lot at Ocean Beach, $3,500.

Henry C. Winsor and wife to Rebecca C. Tallman. Lot at Ocean Park, $425.

BIRTHS.

MAXSON.—At Port Monmouth, on Friday, August 5th, Mrs. John Maxson, of a son.

MURPHY.—At Little Silver, on Wednesday, July 27th, Mrs. William Murphy, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

JOHNSON—POWELL.—At Red Bank, on Thursday, July 21st, by the Rev. Geo. H. Neal, Miss Henrietta Johnson, of Navesink, and Edward L. Powell, of Atlantic Highlands.

LONGSTREET—FLETT.—At Englishtown, on Monday, August 1st, by the Rev. Charles Everett, Miss Eva A. Longstreet, of Englishtown, and Robert Flett, of Keyport.

WALLING—SCOTT.—At Red Bank, on Wednesday, August 3d, by the Rev. J. K. Manning, Miss Vira Walling and Wm. H. Scott, both of Matawan.

DEATHS.

BRANNIN.—At Navesink, on Wednesday, August 3d, Theodore J., son of George Brannin, aged 7 months and 7 days.

HANKINS.—At Tinton Falls, on Friday, August 5th, Mrs. Ellen M. Hankins, aged 54 years, 1 month and 25 days.

HAMPTON.—At Fair Haven, on Friday, August 5th, Sarah A. Hampton, aged 19 years and 6 months.

JOHNSON.—At Red Bank, on Tuesday, August 9th, Wm. S. Johnson, aged 44 years.

McCLANE.—Near Morrisville, on Monday, August 8th, Wm. A. McClane, aged 34 years and 8 months.

OAKES.—At Atlantic Highlands, on Monday, August 1st, Edward Oakes, aged 8 months and 13 days.

PARKER.—At Red Bank, on Tuesday, August 9th, Anna Mabel, daughter of Lida and H. A. Parker, aged 6 years and 5 months.

RICE.—At Fair Haven, on Saturday, July 30th, Walter, son of the Rev. W. A. Rice, aged 4 months.

RICHARDSON.—At Shrewsbury, on Saturday, August 6th, Lafayette Richardson, aged about 75 years.

WOODCOCK.—At Rumson, on Saturday, August 6th, Mrs. Mary Woodcock, aged 28 years.

MEMORANDUM BOOKS!

We have some twenty or thirty different styles of memorandum books for ladies and gentlemen. They range in price from 17 cents to 75 cents, and if you want anything even cheaper than this you can be accomodated. The books are bound in red, in black, in brown and in other colors; in morocco, sheep, alligator, lizard skin and canvas; they can be had either long or short, wide or narrow, and to open either at the side or at the end. They are ruled with crossbar, faint, or dollars and cents. Several varieties are just the size to slip handily into the upper vest pocket, and make the most convenient kind of a memorandum book for gentlemen. Some of the books for ladies are very elegant, and among the numerous varieties we show there cannot fail to be the very thing every one wants.

We keep ladies' stationery in great variety, and everything in the stationery line—initial seals, sealing wax, stamp boxes, paper cutters, pen wipers, plain and fancy instands, etc.

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Printer and Stationer
Adjoining the Post Office,
FRONT ST., RED BANK, N. J.

Red Bank Shoe Store.

S. MILLER,
Dealer in
BOOTS AND SHOES
BROAD STREET, RED BANK.

I have on hand a full stock of
Fine Shoes,
Congress Gaiters,
Slippers,
Rubber Boots.

Coarse Boots for Farm Work.

I wish to assure the public that I still do
CUSTOM WORK
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MERCHANT TAILOR,
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A full line of the newest styles and most fashionable goods to select from. The goods will be cut, trimmed, and made up in an artistic and substantial manner, and at moderate prices. Call in and see samples and get prices.
Cleaning and repairing promptly attended to at low rates.

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BEST MAKERS,
NEWEST STYLES,
EASIEST TERMS.
REPAIRING AND TUNING.
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Brown & Kleine,
Adjoining Steamboat Wharf,
RED BANK, N. J.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
COAL, WOOD and FERTILIZERS
We handle the Best Grades of Hard, Medium and Free Burning Coal. Also, the Best Quality of Blacksmiths' Coal.
Stockbridge, H. J. Baker's, and Chittenden's Phosphates—three best brands for Monmouth County soil.
PERUVIAN GUANO AND CANADA UNLEACHED WOOD ASHES BY THE TON OR CAR-LOAD.
Land Plaster and Pure Paris Green.
Stone and Shell Lime in any quantity. New York Manures by Boat or Car-Load.
General Freighting promptly attended to.

WIKOFF'S PHARMACY
IS ALWAYS OPEN.
A COMPLETE LINE OF
Drugs and Druggists' Sundries.
TRY WIKOFF'S
Condition Powders.
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Second door from Front, RED BANK, N. J.

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33 BROAD STREET, RED BANK, N. J.,
Dealer in all kinds of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS,
The choicest fruit in the market can always be obtained at this store at reasonable prices.
Also, a selected stock of cigars and confectionery.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
FRUIT FARM OF 80 ACRES NEAR NEWMAN SPRINGS.
House and outbuildings. Soil adapted to early truck and convenient to markets.
Address THOS. DAVIS, Jr.,
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FRONT STREET, RED BANK, N. J.
We desire to inform the public that we have established ourselves in this town and are ready at the shortest notice to do **Repairing and Varnishing of all kinds of Furniture, Cabinet and Carpenter Work.** Repairing of Billiard Tables. Mattresses Made Over. Mending and Decorating of Fancy Crockery a Specialty. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. P. O. Box 597.

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The choicest fruits in the market can always be obtained at this store at reasonable prices. Also, a selected stock of cigars and confectionery.

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
STRAW HATS
AND
BONNETS.
THOUSANDS TO SELECT FROM.
STYLES THE LATEST.
PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST.
AT
WEIS'S,
Front Street, Red Bank, N. J.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.—Notice is hereby given that Charles I. Borden, of the township of Shrewsbury, Monmouth county, New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, within the term of three months.
EDMUND WILSON, Assignee.
Dated July 20th, 1887.

Pianos and Organs

Bargains in New and Second-hand Pianos.

One 7 Oct. Carved Leg Piano	$150.00;	$5.00	per month.
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" 7½ " " " "	200.00;	6.00	" "
" 7⅓ " " " "	225.00;	9.00	" "

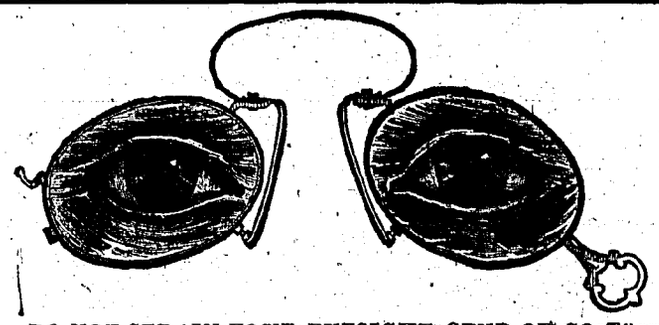
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Pianos Tuned and Repaired. Musical Instruments of all kinds. Sheet Music one-third discount.
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ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.
Men's Linen Dusters, only 25c.
Seersucker Coats, only 75c.
Men's Summer Suits, Coat, Pants and Vests, only $2.98.
Men's All-Wool Suits, only $5.00.
Boys' Sailor Suits, only 98c.
Boys' Pants, 19c. Boys' Waists, 15c.
Straw Hats at any price.
Men's Unlaundried Shirts, linen cuffs and bosoms, only 43c. each.
M. M. DAVIDSON'S
One Price Clothing & Hat House,
BROAD ST., RED BANK.

COME AND SEE!!!
NOW IS YOUR TIME TO
BUY SHOES
WHILE THEY ARE
Retailing at Wholesale Prices
AT
DORSETT'S NEW SHOE STORE,
Broad St., Red Bank, N. J.
Three Doors from Front St. Opposite Spinning & Patterson's Dry Goods Store.

At J. KRIDEL'S
YOU WILL FIND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear
LARGE STOCK OF
FLANNEL AND FINE DRESS SHIRTS, NECKWEAR, COLLARS AND CUFFS.
Hosiery for Ladies, Gents and Children, and Notions of All Kinds.
—MY MOTTO IS—
GOOD GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
J. KRIDEL, Front Street, opp. Broad, Red Bank, N. J.

Bottled Lager Beer
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
JACOB DEGENRING'S
Lager Beer Saloon & Bottling Establishment
The Oldest and Best Equipped in this Vicinity.
THE FOLLOWING BEERS ARE CONSTANTLY ON HAND BOTTLED:
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BARTHOLOMEW BREWING CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.
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Front Street, near Broad, Red Bank, N. J.
Opposite Allaire's Market.



DO NOT STRAIN YOUR EYESIGHT, SEND OR GO TO
L. de la REUSSILLE,
Childs' Building, Broad Street, Red Bank, N. J.,
Where you can find a large assortment of
PEBBLES AND FRENCH LENSES,
in all kinds of frames, Gold and Steel. Remember that it is very important that the eyes should be properly fitted with spectacles.
FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY sold at Moderate Prices.

Hot Weather Clothing
IN GREAT VARIETY AND AT LOW PRICES CAN ALWAYS BE HAD AT
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NOTE THE FOLLOWING:
Calico Coats at 25c. Fancy Flannel Coats at $1.00.
Seersucker Coats and Vests, $1.25 and upwards.
Alpaca Coats, $1.00, $1.25, $2.50, &c. The finer grades in thin coats at $5.00.
Canvas Hats at 10c. Straw Hats from 5c. to $1.00.
Good Thin Trousers for Men at 75c.
Fancy Flannel Shirts from 50c. to $2.50. All the popular styles.
An enormous stock of gauze and medium weight Undershirts and Drawers at 25c. up.
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Columbia Catalogue Now Ready.
Fifty-Two Pages, Forty-Eight Engravings. Free by Mail upon Application.
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Tandem.
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HANOVER	New York
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LONDON AND LANCASHIRE	Liverpool
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QUEEN	London
FIRE ASSOCIATION	Philadelphia
GIRARD	Philadelphia
MERCHANTS	Newark
TRADE	Camden

And other leading Co.'s, (including Life and Accident). **Our Policies also cover Damage by LIGHTNING, whether Fire ensues or not.**
Rates as low as companies with large experience can prudently and safely make—(the hazard determining the rate.) Cheap rates are a sure index of the poorest insurance. With large practice and extended knowledge of companies and material facts appertaining to insurance we confidently ask a continuance of the patronage so generously bestowed in the past.

NO HOUSE
IN THE STATE CAN SHOW AS COMPLETE AN ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
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WALL PAPER,
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at such uniform qualities and extremely
Low Prices
AT
STEINBACH BROS.,
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CARRIAGE FACTORY
BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS, DEPOT WAGONS, CARRYALLS AND FARM WAGONS always on hand.
Painting, trimming and repairing in all its branches done by first-class mechanics.
List of Wagons and Carriages at Present on Hand:
6 new leather top Buggies, 2 new Rockaways, 2 Depot Wagons, 1 Surry Wagon, 1 Extension Top Phaeton (one or two-horse), 4 new One-Horse Carryalls, 2 small Pony Wagons, 1 Village Cart, 1 Basket Phaeton, 4 new Farm Wagons, 6 second-hand Buggies, 3 second-hand Farm Wagons and others not mentioned.
Parties in need of wagons and carriages will do well to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.
P. O. Address **B. B. CAMPBELL,**
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LITTLE SILVER, N. J.
KING'S WORM DESTROYER,
a never failing cure for worms or bots.
KING'S COLIC DRENCH,
for colic or scouring (chronic or acute), or inflammation of the bowels.
Persons having horses out of condition can have them put in order without extra charge by leaving them to board with me for the winter. Good accommodations; running water; box stalls; good sized paddock and best of care.
Telephone Call, 15a.

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RETAIL LIQUOR DEALERS,
OFFER A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Choice Liquors
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Cigars
—AT MODERATE PRICES.—
West End Hotel,
RED BANK, N. J.

IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.
To George Croft.
By virtue of an order of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made on the day of the date hereof, in a cause wherein Lottie A. Croft is petitioner, and you are defendant, you are required to appear, and answer to the petitioner's petition on or before the NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, or the said petition will be taken as confessed against you.
The said petition is filed to dissolve the marriage between you and the said Lottie A. Croft, the petitioner.
Dated the eighteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven.
H. M. NEVIUS,
Solicitor of Petitioner,
P. O. address, Red Bank, N. J.

Farmers, Attention!
The attention of Farmers and others using
FISH PUMICE
is called to the fact that the Pumice
Manufactured by L. Fischer,
Port Monmouth, N. J.,
is of the BEST QUALITY, being entirely superintended by the proprietor, who is particular to see that the drying process is properly attended to. Customers and others using Fertilizers will do well to examine samples before purchasing elsewhere. Parties supplied at Lowest Market Rates.
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100 LOTS IN A DESIRABLE PART OF THE TOWN,
And on the tract known as the Drummond property.
Address, THOS. DAVIS, Jr.,
Real Estate and Insurance, Red Bank, N. J.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FIRST BOND AND MORTGAGE,
In sums of One Thousand Dollars and upwards. For particulars address
THOS. DAVIS, Jr.,
Real Estate and Insurance, Red Bank, N. J.

The undersigned, having taken charge of the
Union Livery Stables,
ON WHARF AVENUE, RED BANK,
have purchased a number of
Fast Road Horses
—AND—
Comfortable Buggies and Carriages,
which will be Rented out at
VERY REASONABLE PRICES.
Omnibusses for pleasure parties, or for other purposes, can be hired at any time.
No better teams than ours can be found in this part of the county, and our prices will be found to be very reasonable. Give us a call when you want to go out pleasure riding, and judge of our rigs for yourselves.
RICHARD ATKINS,
E. M. CONK.

S. M. GAUNT,
CARPENTER,
Shop and Residence, Maple Avenue near Monmouth Street.
RED BANK, N. J.

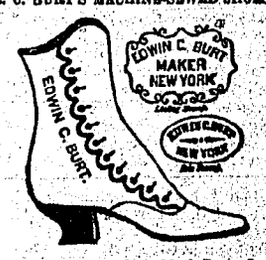


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and all Leading Makes, or our Bargains in Second-Hand WHEELS. Sold for cash or on easy terms. Cycles Rented by the Hour or Month. Instruction free.
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The Sorrow of the Sea.

I walk by the sea and muse
On the words I have often read;
"Tis better things should have passed away
Than that we should grieve for the dead."

And I think since Time was young
That the voice of the sea is one
Has said to the earth, "For claim my dead,
But I cannot let them go."

SOPHY'S LOVERS.

Sophy Clare was a velvet-eyed brunette, with a rich, soft complexion, black eyebrows that were like arches of jet, and the sweetest and most kissable of mouths. Not at all the sort of girl that is cut out for an old maid. Sophy Clare never felt that she had any "mission" which rendered it advisable that she should remain single. She had always had soft, maidenly dreams of a husband of her own, and a home which she should make beautiful for him. And so, when Burgh Richmond finally proposed to her, her heart gave a great answering jump and she said "yes" as heartily as if it were the one word she loved best in the world.

Burgh looked down upon her, from the towering altitude of his six feet odd inches, with a sort of loving pride.

"I know of a pretty little gem of a brown stone house that I can lease at a bargain," said Mr. Richmond. "There's a bay window in front—and the hall-floors are all of tesselated marble!"

"Oh, how splendid!" said Sophy.

"It isn't large, but then we don't want a barn of a house!"

"No, to be sure," said Sophy.

"There's you and me, you see, and my Aunt Jefferson, who has been good enough to say she will live with us until you get a little into the grooves of housekeeping—"

"And papa, and mamma, and Cousin Kate," timidly added Sophy.

Mr. Richmond opened his eyes and mouth simultaneously.

"Eh?" quoth he.

"I couldn't be parted from papa and mamma," pleaded Sophy, lifting up the great liquid eyes that were so eloquent in their sparkle. "Papa has been out of business ever since his eyesight failed, and they are both dependent on me. And Cousin Kate is lame, and can't support herself."

Burgh Richmond drew back ever so slightly; but to Sophy Clare it made a deep, deep gulf between them that might never be over-passed.

"And you expect me to adopt all this family into our new household?" said he, almost roughly.

"Burgh!"

"Halt, lame and blind!" he added with a forced laugh. "No, no, Sophy; don't be unreasonable. I marry you, not the whole family. No man could consent to such an arrangement."

Sophy rose up, quiet, but very firm.

"And what sort of a wife would she make, Burgh, who would calmly and heartlessly abandon the parents who have brought her up, to be happy in the splendors of a home they were not privileged to share?"

"Every woman does it."

"Not every one who is situated as I am, Burgh! But pray, don't suppose that I hold you to a promise given under a misapprehension. You are free—as free as ever you were."

"Now, look here, Sophy, don't be unreasonable. I wouldn't mind making the old people a moderate allowance to board out somewhere; but, as for this lame cousin—"

Sophy's eyes darted dusk lightning, her cheeks crimsoned.

"Stop just where you are, Burgh!" cried she. "My father and mother are not to be treated like worn-out paupers, to be farmed out, at so much a week, and may God do even so unto me if I prove false to the trust committed to me in the person of poor Kate Parker."

"Now, Sophy, you had—"

"I think it is quite useless to discuss the matter further, Burgh. We shall always be friends, I hope—but never anything more. I need keep you no longer."

And she dismissed him as imperially as if she had been a queen, instead of a poor little teacher in the public school, at six hundred a year!

Nevertheless, she cried very heartily a fortnight or so afterwards, when she heard that he was engaged to Hetty Wardwell, who had a plump, meaningless face like a Chinese doll, and who had "expectations" from a vinegar-tempered aunt.

"Don't fret about him, Sophy," said Hugh Morison, the great good-humored fellow who had always followed at her heels like a little dog, and who had just entered, as partner, a rising law firm.

"It isn't altogether about him," faltered Sophy, "but—but one doesn't like to have one's illusions destroyed."

"All the better for you, if they were false ones. And if you look so sober about it, I shall never dare to ask the question that was on my lips."

"Ask it," said Sophy, simply.

"Sophy, you're not going to wear the willow all your life because Burgh Richmond has married for money?"

"Of course I'm not!" said Sophy, with spirit.

"Then—perhaps I am premature, but I can't help it—will you marry me? Don't answer me at once, until I tell you all. I'm not rich, and don't pretend to be, but I can earn enough to make a cosy little home for us. And I want you to bring your father and mother there, and Cousin Kate, bless her pale face! They shall all be as welcome as flowers in May to the best I can give them!"

"Oh, Hugh!"

"Because they're yours, dear. I am rough and plain-spoken, but I love you as well and truly as ever man loved woman, and I'll be a good husband to you all my days, so help me God!"

"And suppose I should say no?"

"Then I'll live alone to the end of my life! I'm not a man that can fall in love with every girl. It's once and forever with me!"

"Then I had better say yes," said Sophy, laughing through the bright tears in her eyes.

"Are you in earnest?"

"Of course I am!"

"Then heaven bless you, my wife!" and Hugh Morison kissed her hand as reverently as if the marriage blessing had already been pronounced over them.

Six months after their marriage Burgh Richmond, crossing the Brooklyn ferry, dropped into a seat adjoining that of Hugh Morison.

"Hallo, Morison," said he. "How is Mrs. Morison?"

"Thanks—she is well."

"And the old people, and Miss Kate Parker?"

"I believe they are well—but I haven't heard directly from them in two or three days."

"Not heard directly? Why, I thought they lived with you."

"You are mistaken there. They have never lived with us. Some weeks before we were married, a distant relative in Kansas left them a snug legacy, including that pretty little stone house with the Virginia creeper growing over it, in Montrose street. They are living there, and from time to time make us very handsome presents."

"You don't mean to tell me so!" said Richmond, opening his eyes. "How much is it—the legacy, I mean?"

"Oh, about thirty or forty thousand dollars, I believe."

Confound it all!" cried Richmond, forgetting his elegance of manner in his excitement. "Then your wife was a fortune, after all?"

"That she was a fortune in herself was all I cared for," said Morison, dryly.

"But did she know about this legacy when—when I was paying attention to her?"

"I believe she did but decided to make the question a test of your true affection for Her and of your generosity of nature," quietly returned Hugh Morison.

"I did not even know it myself until after we were married."

Richmond set his teeth.

"Mr. Richmond, are you not a married man?"

"Married! yes, if a man can be said to be married to a statue of stone, a mere suave icicle!"

"But your wife was rich?"

"Humph! She had expectations; but that old hag of an aunt of hers went and married a fellow young enough to be her son, and between them both they'll soon make ducks and drakes of the fortune. So I've married a fool without even money enough to gild her folly."

"I am sorry for you," said Morison; and Burgh Richmond was too deeply absorbed in his own troubles to notice the ironical ring in his neighbor's voice.

He went home and told Sophy of the discomfiture of his whilom rival.

"I never knew before," said she, "what a shallow fool the man was. Oh, Hugh, how glad I am that I married you!"

"So am I, dear," said Hugh Morison.

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

CHAPTER CXXVI.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act to prevent the adulteration of food or drugs," approved March twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the state dairy commissioner is hereby directed and empowered to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement; and said commissioner and his assistants duly commissioned shall be and are hereby made inspectors under the act to which this act is a supplement; the expense of enforcing said act shall be paid out of the appropriation already made for the use of said dairy commissioner for the enforcement of the act of March twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, entitled "An act to prevent deception in the sale of oleomargerine, butterine, or any imitation of dairy products, and to preserve the public health."

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 11, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXVII.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act concerning judgments," approved March twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That whenever any execution issued on any judgment or decree which may be a lien on real estate shall have been returned to the court out of which such execution issued by the sheriff of any county to whom such execution was directed, fully paid and satisfied, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court out of which such execution issued and in whose office the same is on file, to enter an acknowledgment of satisfaction upon the record of any such judgment or decree, on the request of any party who shall produce to the said clerk proof that he is interested in any real estate which might be affected by any such judgment or decree, for which the clerk shall be entitled to receive twenty-five cents, to be paid by the party making such request.

Approved April 11, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXVIII.

An act concerning fees of certain officers in cities of this state.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in all cities where no salary is provided, by charter, for the collector and treasurer of the city or wards thereof, such collector and treasurer shall receive the fees provided by law for township collectors; provided, however, that in cities where the treasurer of the board of education disburses school funds upon the order of the board of education, said city collector or treasurer shall not receive the fees now or hereafter allowed by law for disbursing said school funds.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 11, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXIX.

Supplement to an act entitled "Supplement to an act entitled 'An act relative to the office of the secretary of state and register of the prerogative court,'" which supplement was approved April fourth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That from and after the passage of this act the assistant secretary of state shall receive for his services a salary at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum, to be paid out of the treasury of this state upon the warrant of the comptroller.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 11, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXX.

A further supplement to an act entitled "An act concerning taxes," approved April fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That all moneys now on deposit or hereafter deposited in the court of chancery, which are or shall be invested upon any security, and all moneys that are or shall be deposited therein and which shall have remained uninvested for the period of six months from the date of the deposit thereof, and all real and personal estate now held or shall hereafter be held by the said court or any officer or appointee thereof, or by the chancellor in his official capacity, belonging to any individual, partnership or corporation, or in which any individual partnership or corporation has or may have the beneficial interest, shall be subject to taxation at the full and actual value thereof as other money and real and personal estate is or may be taxed according to the laws of this state.

2. And be it enacted, That all boards and officers charged with the duty of assessing persons or property for taxation shall assess all persons and corporations owning or having the beneficial interest in such money or other personal property or estate, and residing or located in the respective cities, towns and other taxing districts of this state, for and on account of such money and other personal property or estate at and according to the respective interests therein of such persons and corporations; and in all cases where the owners or parties having the beneficial interest in such money or other personal property or estate are non-residents of this state, the taxes thereon or on account thereof shall be assessed and paid in city, town or other taxing district where the same is held or deposited at the time when assessments for taxation are made.

3. And be it enacted, That all real estate that now is or may be hereafter held by the chancellor in his official capacity in which any individual or corporation has or may have the beneficial interest, shall be assessed for taxation in the several cities, towns and taxing districts of this state as other real estate is or may be assessed therein.

4. And be it enacted, That all taxes assessed in pursuance of this supplement shall be and remain a claim against the persons and corporations owning or having the beneficial interest in the property against and on account of which the same shall be assessed, and also the same lien as other taxes assessed on or on account of similar property are or shall be in the respective cities, towns and other taxing districts of this state wherein the said property shall be assessed; and in addition to the remedies for the collection of taxes, for the time being, it shall be lawful for all boards and officers for collecting taxes to apply to the chancellor by petition for the payment of the taxes assessed upon or on account of such property with interest and costs, and upon such petition it shall be lawful for the chancellor to order the payment of such taxes, interest and cost out of the interest or income of the said money or real or personal property or estate, and if the interest or income thereof is not sufficient to make the payment, then the same shall be paid out of the principal of the money so deposited, and the whole or such part of said, other personal or real property or estate as may be necessary to raise the amount of the taxes, interest and costs shall be sold by direction of the chancellor; and in case of the sale of any real estate for the purpose aforesaid the title conveyed thereby shall be in fee simple.

5. And be it enacted, That nothing herein shall be construed to authorize or permit taxation of or for such property more than once in each year; and this act shall not apply to mortgages or debts secured thereby that shall be assessed for taxation in pursuance of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act concerning taxes,'" approved April fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six; which supplement was approved March seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

6. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the chancellor to make and enforce appropriate rules and orders for carrying out the provisions of this act; and that all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed, and this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 13, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXI.

An act to amend an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled an 'Act to provide for the organization of The New Jersey Home for disabled soldiers,'" approved April fourth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, which supplement was approved March twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That section two of the act to which this is a supplement be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. And be it enacted, That there shall be and is hereby appropriated out of the money in the treasury of this state not otherwise appropriated, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid, to be drawn on the warrant of the comptroller of the state, upon the order, in writing, of said commission or their successors.

3. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 14, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXII.

An act relative to the Trenton battle monument.

Whereas, "The Trenton Battle Monument Association," a corporation under the laws of this state, has acquired title to a tract of land in the city of Trenton and state of New Jersey, at the point where the guns of the American army opened fire on the enemy at the battle of Trenton, on the twenty-sixth day of December, anno domini, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six; and whereas, the said association has received and is receiving, from week to week, subscriptions to be expended in the erection of a monument to commemorate that battle; and whereas, the association may not receive a sum of money sufficient to erect a monument of such size and finish as is demanded by the importance of the historic event it is designed to commemorate; and whereas, it is proper for the state to aid her patriotic citizens in constructing monuments on her revolutionary battle fields, and she has already shown her willingness to do so where the battle is one in which General Washington commanded in person; therefore,

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That out of the moneys of the treasury of this state there be hereby appropriated the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to be paid towards the erection of a monument on the tract of land referred to; provided, the design of said monument shall be submitted to and receive the approval of the governor of the state; provided further, that at least fifteen thousand dollars shall first be raised by said association by private contribution; provided further, that the land upon which said monument is intended to be erected shall first be conveyed by the association to the State of New Jersey by such conveyance as may be approved by the governor and attorney general.

2. And be it enacted, That the treasurer of this state shall, on the warrant of the comptroller, pay to the treasurer of said association the moneys hereby appropriated in two equal payments, one payment on or after the first day of July, anno domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and the second payment on or after the first day of March, anno domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight; provided, the treasurer of said association shall prove to the comptroller of the state that he has expended or has on hand an amount of funds equal to the payments called for from the state at the dates just specified.

3. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 14, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXIII.

An act concerning executors.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That it shall be lawful for any executor or executors of any last will and testament to whom letters testamentary have heretofore been granted, to carry into effect the terms and conditions of any agreement for the purchase or sale of any lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate made and entered into by the testator or testatrix; and any subsequent agreement made and entered into by the executor or executors in relation thereto shall be as binding and effectual on all parties as if made by the testator or testatrix; and it shall be lawful for the said executor or executors to take title to the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate in said agreement named, at such times and upon such terms and conditions as he or they shall deem for the best interest of the estate, although by the provisions of the said last will and testament therein given no power to the executor or executors to receive and take title to lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 14, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXIV.

An act to enable cities in this state to furnish suitable accommodations for the transaction of public business and an armory for the use of the national guard of the state therein organized.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in any city in the state in which there are not buildings the property of the city, suitable and sufficient to accommodate the different officers and departments of the municipal government, the mayor and board of Aldermen of such city are hereby authorized to erect such buildings upon property now owned by such city, or to purchase other lands on which to erect such buildings for a city hall, armory, police headquarters and city prison as hereinafter provided.

2. And be it enacted, That for the purposes of this act the mayor of any such city shall appoint, with the concurrence of the board having charge of the finances of said city, three commissioners, no more than a majority of whom shall be members of the same political party, who shall be residents in said city and who shall give a bond for the proper performance of their duty in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, and shall serve during the pleasure of the appointing power and until others are appointed in their places, unless removed for cause by the mayor with the approval of the board having charge of the finances of said city, who shall have power to select lands suitable for a site or sites for said public buildings, and if the lands selected shall be upon ground the whole or any part of which does not already belong to said city, such commissioners shall have power to purchase, acquire or condemn the property, with the concurrence of the board having charge of the finances of said city, in the name of the mayor and aldermen of said city, and to have plans and specifications prepared, and to erect on such property such buildings as they may deem suitable for the purposes of this act.

3. And be it enacted, That for the purposes of this act the commissioners herein authorized shall have power to sell at public auction after due advertisement for at least two weeks in the official papers of any such city, such public buildings therein, with the ground whereon the same may stand or connected therewith, the property of such city, as such commissioners and any public board of such city government having charge of such ground or buildings shall determine may safely be spared or not needed for public use, and the mayor and aldermen shall, in case of such sale, give a good and sufficient title therefor, or such title as the city may possess, and with the proceeds of such sale or sales the commissioners herein authorized shall erect the buildings and purchase the lands, as authorized by the second section of this act, for the accommodation of the officers of the city government, police headquarters and city prison and of such regiment of the national guard of this state as may be organized in said city.

4. And be it enacted, That said commissioners shall organize by the selection of one of their number as chairman, and that all moneys for the sale of property as herein authorized shall be paid directly into the city treasury and kept apart for the purposes of this act, and all payments made for the purposes of this act for the purchase of property or labor and materials furnished shall be upon orders or certificates of said commissioners, signed by their chairman, and the acts of a majority of said commissioners shall be the acts of the commissioners as herein authorized, and said commissioners shall receive as full compensation for their services one hundred dollars per month each for the time they serve, and the chairman shall receive twenty-five dollars per month in addition thereto.

5. And be it enacted, That for the purposes of this act such sum of money as may be necessary over and above the amount realized by any sales as herein authorized shall be furnished and provided by the board or authority having control of the finances of such city in such city, by the issue of bonds of said city, bearing interest at the rate of not exceeding six per centum per annum, to be sold at not less than the par value thereof, and said bonds shall be paid by taxation in not exceeding thirty years from their date of issue; provided, that the whole expenditure for the purchase of ground and erection of buildings thereon and all purposes of this act, including the amounts realized from any sale or sales as here authorized, shall not exceed the sum of two hundred thousand dollars.

6. And be it enacted, That the act entitled "An act to enable cities of this state to furnish better accommodations for their officers and municipal boards, as well as the national guard of the state therein organized," approved March twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

7. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 15, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXV.

An act to enable cities to purchase lands, erect, furnish and fit up a building or buildings for public school purposes.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the common council or other legislative body of any city of this state shall have power to borrow any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of thirty thousand dollars, to be used for the purchase of land and the erection, furnishing and fitting up of a building or buildings for public school purposes in said city; and that the said common council or other legislative body of said city may secure the repayment of the said sum or sums so borrowed, together with interest thereon at a rate not to exceed five per centum per annum, in such manner and upon such terms as to the said common council or other legislative body may seem proper, by the issuing of bonds in the corporate name of said city, to be signed by the mayor or other chief executive officer of said city and countersigned by the city clerk or other person or performing the duties of recording officer for the said common council or other legislative body, as the case may be, and sealed with the common seal of said city; provided, that in cities having a board of education or other board having control of the public schools than the common council, the purchase of land, erection, furnishing and fitting up of a school house or school houses with the money so borrowed shall be made in the same manner as heretofore provided by law for the city borrowing money by virtue of this act.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 20, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXVI.

An act to provide for the indexing of deeds, mortgages, wills and other instruments required or authorized by law to be recorded.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in the recording of deeds, mortgages, wills or other instruments required or authorized by law to be recorded, the clerk, register, surrogate or other officer whose duty it is to make the record shall, in addition to the indices thereof now made and kept by him, make and keep such classified analytical or combination index as the board of chosen freeholders of the respective counties shall determine, in index books to be provided for that purpose by the said board of chosen freeholders, and shall enter therein according to the classification thereof an index of all the names now required to be indexed in the alphabetical indices of their respective offices.

2. And be it enacted, That in each county of the state having within its territorial limits a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants for said services such clerk, register, surrogate or other officer shall receive the sum of three cents for each name so indexed, to be paid by the person offering the said deed, mortgage, will or other papers for record.

3. And be it enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and are hereby repealed, and this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXVII.

An act to defray the expenses of caring for the state geological museum and other property of the state while at the New Orleans exposition, and of returning it to Trenton.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That for the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred under the direction of the commissioner appointed to represent this state at the late New Orleans exposition in caring for the property of the state geological museum and other property of the state while at the New Orleans exposition, and in returning the same to Trenton, the comptroller is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the treasurer to pay such expenses upon vouchers presented by the commissioner to be approved by the governor and comptroller; provided, that the total expenditure shall not exceed the sum of fifteen hundred dollars.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXVII.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act to fix the minimum of salary of the prosecutor of the pleas in the counties of the third class in this state," approved April twentieth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in all counties of the third class in this state, in which the prosecutors of the pleas now receive an annual salary, each of the prosecutors of the pleas of such counties shall receive an annual salary of at least one thousand dollars to be paid to him in quarterly annual payments by the county collector of such county.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall only apply to those prosecutors of the pleas whose term of office shall hereafter commence or to either of those now in office whose term does not expire during the present year, who may file their assent in writing, under their hands, to the provisions of this act, in the office of the clerk of the county of which he is such prosecutor; provided, however, that nothing in this act contained shall in any wise be construed or held as reducing the salary of any of the prosecutors of the pleas in any of the counties of the third class in this state.

3. And be it enacted, that this act shall be a public act and shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXXXIX.

An act respecting hospitals and to provide for their aid in certain cases.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That where the annual appropriation now made or hereafter to be made for supporting and maintaining the public hospitals in cities has already been expended, or shall hereafter become expended before the end of the fiscal year for which such appropriation is made, or where such annual appropriation is or may become insufficient and inadequate for properly supporting and maintaining such public hospitals, it shall be lawful for the board of finance and taxation or any other municipal board or authority having the control and management of the finances of any such city to increase said annual appropriation at any time during the fiscal year for which the same was made, in such an amount as said board may deem reasonably necessary for said purpose; provided, that such additional appropriation shall not in any one year exceed the sum of two thousand dollars.

2. And be it enacted, That the said board of finance and taxation or other board having the control and management of the finances of such city is hereby authorized to borrow the amount of money which the said board may by this act appropriate as aforesaid, in anticipation of taxes next thereafter to be levied, and to issue proper evidences of indebtedness therefor, to be signed by the mayor, properly sealed with the corporate seal and attested by the clerk; and the said board borrowing such money shall provide for the repayment of the same by putting said amount on the tax levy to be made then next thereafter.

3. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXL.

An act amending "An act in relation to the improvement and maintenance of certain roads," approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the first section of the act to which this is amendatory, and which is in the words following:

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in any county in this state where the custody, rule, keeping and charge of the jail of such county, and of the prisoners in such jail, has been heretofore or shall be hereafter assumed by the board of chosen freeholders of such county according to law, it shall be lawful for such board to improve and keep in repair any road, or part thereof, in such county, the title to which has become vested in such board, and to put and keep at work thereon such prisoners detained in the county jail as may be lawfully required to work at hard labor; which prisoners may be taken from and returned to the custody of the warden or keeper of the county jail each day, under such rules and regulations as the said board may from time to time prescribe, and by such person or persons as the said board may employ for that purpose, and an escape from such person or persons shall be deemed an escape from jail; the said board may employ such agents and provide such implements as may be needed for carrying into effect the provisions of this act; provided, that the entire expense incurred hereunder in any one year shall not exceed one fortieth of one per centum of the taxable valuation of such county for the next preceding year, which expenditure may be in excess of any limit heretofore fixed by law for the annual expenditures for account of "public works" by any such board and provided, further, that all such expenses for men employed in the care and oversight of such prisoners while working upon any such road or roads shall be paid on demand to the board of chosen freeholders by any township or by any city using the labor of the prisoners under the provisions of this act," be and the same is hereby amended to be read and to read as follows:

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in any county in this state, where the custody, rule, keeping and charge of the jail of such county and of the prisoners in such jail has been heretofore or shall be hereafter assumed by the board of chosen freeholders of such county according to law, it shall be lawful for such board to improve and keep in repair any road formerly a toll-road in such county, and which has or shall have become the property of the public, and to put and keep at work thereon such prisoners detained in the county jail as may be lawfully required to work at hard labor; which prisoners may be taken from and returned to the custody of the warden or keeper of the county jail appointed by such board, and under such rules and regulations as the said board may from time to time prescribe, and by such person or persons as the said board may employ for that purpose, and an escape from such person or persons shall be deemed an escape from jail; the said board may employ such agents and provide such implements as may be needed for carrying into effect the provisions of this act; provided, that the entire expense incurred hereunder in any one year shall not exceed one twentieth of one per centum of the taxable valuation of such county for the next preceding year, which expenditure may be in excess of any limit heretofore fixed by law for the annual expenditures for account of "public works" by any such board.

2. And be it enacted, That where the line of any such former toll road has been changed, or a portion thereof abandoned and a new road laid out, opened and worked to connect the portions thereof still in public use, it shall be lawful for the board of chosen freeholders as aforesaid to improve and keep in repair in the manner aforesaid such new line or such new road connecting the portions of such former toll road still in public use.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLI.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act concerning idiots and lunatics" [Revision], approved March twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That section fourteen of the act entitled "An act concerning idiots and lunatics" [Revision], approved March tenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, be amended so as to read as follows:

14. And be it enacted, That whenever any such sale shall have been made by order of the chancellor as aforesaid, or whenever any idiot or lunatic shall be entitled to property of any description in this state, and such idiot or lunatic shall be a non-resident, and shall have a guardian in the state or place of his or her residence, and such non-resident guardian shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office (if there be a seal) of the court in the state or place of his residence, containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond, or of appointment only, when the said non-resident guardian is a corporation duly qualified to act as guardian without giving bonds and authenticated as required by the act of congress in such cases, the chancellor, or the ordinary, or orphans' court of the proper county in this state may cause suitable orders to be made, authorizing the delivering and passing over the proceeds of any such sale, or any property in this state to which such idiot or lunatic may be entitled, to such non-resident guardian, and discharging any resident guardian, executor administrator or trustee, and requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable; provided, that thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian, executor, administrator or trustee of the intended application for the order of removal, unless it shall appear to the court that such notice has been waived, or that the application is made by the resident guardian and court the may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of such idiot or lunatic that such removal shall not take place.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLII.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act for the organization of the national guard of the state of New Jersey" [Revision], approved March ninth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That any building and real estate and personal property designed solely for the use of any regiment or battalion of the national guard for military purposes and used solely for such purposes shall be exempt from taxation, whether the same be owned by said regiment or battalion or by a corporation found by the members and supporters of such regiment or battalion.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLIII.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act respecting the court of chancery" [Revision], approved March twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That if upon the foreclosure of any mortgage heretofore or hereafter given and the sale of the premises therein described there shall be paid into court any moneys representing an estate in dower or by the courtesy in said premises or any part thereof, any person entitled to such dower or estate may make application to the court for a sum in gross in lieu of the estate aforesaid, and the court shall direct the payment of such sum in gross out of the proceeds of the sale of the premises to the person entitled to such estate, as shall be deemed a just and reasonable satisfaction for such estate or interest, and which the person so entitled shall consent in writing to accept in lieu thereof; but in case no such consent be given before the distribution of the proceeds thereof, then the court shall ascertain and determine what proportion of such proceeds will be a just and reasonable sum to be invested for the benefit of the person entitled to such estate in dower or by the courtesy, and shall order the same to be put at interest on sufficient security or real property or invested in public stock or deposited in some safe and reliable savings institution by order and under the direction and control of said court for the benefit of the parties entitled, and the interest thereon to be paid to them as the same may become due as a compensation for and in lieu of the said estate in dower and by the courtesy, and at the decease of the person entitled to the same the principal sum shall be paid to or distributed among the parties entitled thereto.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLIV.

An act to amend section one of the act entitled "Supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the settlement and relief of the poor,'" approved March twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which supplement was approved April sixth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That section one of the act of which this is amendatory, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That any person or persons who have or who shall have last resided in any township of this state for the period of ten consecutive years shall be considered as legally settled in said township.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLV.

An act to authorize certain municipalities to lay out, open, extend, alter and work streets and highways, and to provide for the payment of the expense thereof.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the council or other governing body of any borough in this state not possessing authority by law to lay out, open, extend, alter, widen or straighten streets and highways therein, and assess the costs and damages of such laying out, opening, extending, altering widening or straightening of such street or highway upon the property benefited thereby, shall have power by ordinance to lay out, open, extend, alter, widen or straighten the streets and highways therein, or any part thereof, upon written application of the person or persons owning two-thirds of the frontage of the property lying on said street or highway, and for this purpose may treat with the owner or owners of real estate to be taken for this purpose, and pay for the same such compensation as may be deemed just and right; and if the governing body of such municipality shall be unable to agree with the owner or owners of the required lands, or if by reason of the legal incapacity or the absence of such owners no agreement can be made with them, then commissioners appointed as hereinafter provided shall estimate the damages such owners will sustain.

2. And be it enacted, That the damages and costs of such laying out, opening, extending, altering, widening or straightening of such street or highway shall be assessed by three disinterested freeholders, to be appointed by the council or other governing body, fairly, legally and equitably, upon the owners of the property benefited thereby, in such proportion and to such extent as the commissioners may deem such lands to be so benefited; provided, that nothing in this section contained shall apply to any street or highway where proceedings are now in progress for laying out, opening, extending or altering such street or highway.

3. And be it enacted, That the governing body of such municipality shall give two weeks' notice, in one or more newspapers published in the borough, or by handbills posted in five conspicuous places therein, of a meeting at which the report of the commissioners will be considered; and at such meeting, and at adjourned meetings held without notice, shall hear and determine all objections to said report by parties interested therein; they may add to any assessment with consent of the person so assessed, and may confirm the report of the commissioners, and carry out the proposed street opening or alteration, and direct the costs and expenses excess of the assessment to be paid out of any appropriation for the making and repairing of streets, if in their judgment the best interests of the municipality will be subserved thereby, unless such costs and expenses shall be more than double the assessment for benefits; and in anticipation of the collection of the assessments may make payment for the lands so taken with any available funds appropriated for street purposes.

4. And be it enacted, That upon such conformation of the award of the commissioners the clerk of the council or other governing body shall enter the same in their minutes, and the same shall be final and conclusive upon all parties affected thereby; and such assessment shall be a first and paramount lien upon said lands until the same shall be paid, notwithstanding any devise, decent, alienation, mortgage or other incumbrance thereon, or any mistake in the names of the owners thereof; the clerk shall furnish a copy of the assessment to the collector of taxes for the said borough, who shall collect the assessments in the same manner and under the same penalties as taxes for other purposes are collected; provided, that an appeal from the decision of the commissioners on the part of any person whose land is taken under the provisions of this act, shall be authorized to the next term of the circuit court of the county in which the land lies, which court shall have full power to hear and determine the same, the costs of such appeal to abide the order of the court.

5. And be it enacted, That the council or other governing body of such municipality may, by ordinance, direct the streets and highways therein to be graded, guttered, graveled, macadamized or otherwise worked, and for this purpose may raise by tax such sums annually as in their judgment will be required; reserving on either side of such street or highway an equal portion for sidewalks thereof; provided, that this section shall not be construed to alter or waive any limitation of indebtedness or of the rate of taxation now binding upon such municipality.

6. And be it enacted, That all acts, general or special, inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLVI.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act exempting from taxation persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the late war," approved February twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That hereafter a poll tax for school purposes shall not be assessed upon any person who served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the late war and who received an honorable discharge.

2. And be it enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

CHAPTER CXLVII.

A supplement to an act entitled "An act concerning the settlement and collection of arrearages of unpaid taxes, assessments and water rates or water rents in cities of this state, and imposing and levying a tax, assessment and lien in lieu and instead of such arrearages and to enforce the payment thereof and to provide for the sale of lands subjected to future taxation and assessment," passed March thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That one hundred or more persons being residents and freeholders of any city in this state may make the application to the circuit court referred to in the first section of the act to which this is a supplement, and in case of application so made the notice provided by said section to be given, may be signed by the clerk of the city or by the persons intending to make the application, and notice so given shall be of the same force and effect as the notice provided in said section, whereupon said court may in its discretion proceed thereon and appoint commissioners of adjustment in the same manner as if said notice had been given and the application made in the manner prescribed in said section; provided that no person shall be eligible as a signer to such application who is in arrears for taxes or assessments in such city and the certificate of the officer charged with the collection of such taxes and assessments shall be plenary evidence of the legibility of such applicants in the respect aforesaid.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1887.

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